The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901. NO. 16.

HISTORICAL NOTES. . . . .

By MR. J. D. MURRAY.

[NOTE—In the historical notes in last issue of the Reporter in reference to General James Irvin as candidate for Governor on the Whig ticket in opposition to Frances Shunk, Democrat, the date should have been 1817 instead of 1849. This was a typographical error and not an error of the writer.]

Another of our oldest inhabitants was Levi Murray, who was a tanner by trade, who settled on the bank of Penns Creek, Union county. He was frequently annoyed with inundations and made up his mind to leave the Creek. At that time there was no other mode of travel except that of a pedestrian or equestrian. He chose the latter and mounted a horse, taking a roll of leather behind him and wended his way to Centre county, where he made a purchase with no fears of ever having an overflow of water. He made his choice on Nittany Mountain, on what is now known as the Peter Hoffer farm. There he landed with his family April 2nd, 1801, and remained there until his family had grown up and left the parental roof. He had acquired a competency and was getting old; he went to Brush Valley and died a very old man.

Samuel Huston was an old residenter of this valley. He owned and lived on the farm Perry Breon now occupies, (one of the most valuable farms in the valley,) and belonged to a very ancient family. His mother was at one time captured by the Indians and had to remain with them quite a while; she was but a young girl at that time. She and her husband lived on and improved what is known as the old Samuel Huston farm. We know of them having but three children, Thomas, Samuel, and Catharine. Samuel and Catharine remained at home with their parents. Mrs. Huston was the ruling spirit in the family, and ruled with an iron hand.

Samuel Huston died first and was buried on the farm. Samuel, the son, was at this time a young boy but they continued to farm. They were industrious and frugal and prospered accordingly, but, like people of all ages and generations, they made mistakes to their financial detriment; they would grab at pennies at times and allow dollars to fall. This, however, could not have been a frequent occurrence with Mrs. Huston. To illustrate, she had a calf hide for sale and sent her son Samuel to the tanners with it; she put a price on the hide, and not knowing the value of a hide of the kind she put entirely too high a value on it. The tanner could not pay the price; Samuel's orders were, not to take any less, so he took it home. The next year she sent it again; by this time the mice had almost ruined it, but his orders were, to take what he could get, and he got one shilling. Mrs. Huston died and Catharine and Samuel remained on the big farm. They continued to save money and were called rich. Neither of them ever appeared to have any particular love for the opposite sex; they believed in celibacy and carried it out through life. The institution of marriage had no charms for them; they even disliked the idea in other people, and as there were no direct heirs the property went to the next of kin.

In order to show their opposition to marriage and dislike for children, they, during their long life of single blessedness took but one child to raise and this was when they were pretty well advanced in life. Her name was Sarah Rhods; she was a likely child and grew up to be obedient to aunt Catharine and kind to uncle Samuel, and they became attached to her. About the time she was budding into womanhood, the young men whom uncle Samuel had about him on his farm seemed to notice Sarah more and more each year. Aunt Catharine was not suspicious herself and therefore was not apprehensive; she thought her sex were all constituted very nearly alike, and she was very sure love had never swelled her veins and as Sarah had grown up under her training she felt very sanguine that a word from her now and then would be sufficient to settle the most profound love case in which Sarah was ever likely to become engaged. When fall came and most of the farm work was done and uncle Samuel could dispose of most of his hired help, (he, as a rule, retained only one man, a married man,) Catharine would have been resting very secure had it not been for a few of her lady friends who kept whispering something in her ears about a young man by the name of Jacob Working, who had worked for them during the past summer. Catharine was of an incredulous disposition, but she was not entirely void of evil apprehensions and began to think this man Working might make her some trouble; a little circumstance happened that greatly augmented her fears.

One evening while Samuel and Catharine were sitting in the house, supposing all was quiet along the line, this big six-footer of a Jacob Working came in. They could easily see what that meant, there was no mistaking the sound, but "aunt Katie," (as she was called by almost every person) thought she was equal to the occasion. Jacob expected to work for uncle Samuel the coming summer but Catharine made up her mind to nip this business in the bud: her idea was to say to Samuel Huston, "that must be stopped, I don't want you to hire Jacob next summer and that will break up this intimacy which seems to be growing between he and Sarah; I want to nip it in the bud and that is the way to do it." Well, of course, Uncle Samuel had no experience in love affairs and had no idea how deep rooted such matters will become and how hard they are to eradicate. This bud was not nipped; it bloomed and brought forth fruit; matrimonial fruit.

Sarah was not an adopted child and therefore could not have any legal claims on the estate, and she had been taught this. Now, she would like to marry Jacob, and not displease uncle Samuel and aunt Catharine. This she could not do and she was at her wits end to know how to get away at all. She found aunt Catharine was contemplating a visit to some of her relatives; here was an opportunity; they did not fear Samuel so much; they could get away without him noticing them, but they came back the same day and told uncle Samuel.

In a few days Catharine returned feeling glad to get back to the old stone mansion. She reined up her noble steed in front of the door; the steed by neighing and pawing appeared to be as glad to get home as Catharine herself. The first person to appear at the door was Samuel, with a very downcast countenance. Catharine's discerning eye soon discovered there was some trouble, and at once asked, "are you sick?" "No, Katie, I am not sick." "Well, what ails you." Poor Samuel was slow to communicate the terrible news, at last he gathered courage and said, "Katie, Sarah is married." This almost knocked Katie from her restless horse but as quick as a flash she burst forth, "now Sam. Huston don't tell me that." Samuel, with his head on his breast exclaimed, "Ah, indeed Katie, it is only too true."

They seemed however, to be able to overcome this great calamity, but the consoling, flattering and soothing words of Dr. George Irvin had much to do in the way of mitigating their sorrows. This Dr. Irvin was a young man who came from Mifflin county about the year 1844. He was a man who had a faculty of being able to ingratiate himself into the good graces of many persons. At that time there was no Centre Hall, and Dr. Irvin settled on the Huston farm north toward the mountain from the Huston homestead, about a half mile, and enjoyed quite a lucrative practice for a number of years. It is to this doctor we are largely indebted for information concerning the Huston family and their peculiarities. Dr. Irvin was not the first man who practiced medicine in this sparsely settled country.

The first doctor of whom we have any knowledge was a man by the name of Dobbins, who traveled many a mile up and down and across the plains, as the country was then called. He did not spend all his days in this valley but went to Bellefonte and gained quite a reputation as a doctor of the old calomel, jalap and blood letting school. He died in Bellefonte and was buried there, and as a token of love and respect there was a monument erected over his grave with proper inscriptions.

The next doctor who settled here on the plains was doctor William J. Wilson, who came from Lewisburg, Union county. The correct date of his coming and settling at Earlytown can't be given but approximately 1808 or 1810. He had his office opposite where Samuel Durst now lives; there was a hotel there at that time kept by a man named Walter Longwell. At that time the townships as well as the counties must have been very large; the people in the neighborhood of Linden Hall, Oak Hall and Boalsburg went to Earlytown to vote. Abel Moor, who lived in a house one mile west of Linden Hall, lived in three counties, and in the same little log house all the time.

Tradition tells us how Samuel Huston came in possession of that fine body of land that is still in the hands of the Huston descendents. Samuel's fatherwas the owner of two slaves, man and wife, and traded those two colored people and forty bundles of straw for the land; that was all he paid for it.

THE CENTRE REPORTER is becoming more and more appreciated as an advertising medium. Why should it not?

Death Calls to Rest. . . . . .

MRS. ELIZABETH FROM.

Mrs. Elizabeth From, of Tusseyville, died at the home of her son, William F. Rockey, at that place, Saturday evening. Mrs. From had been ailing with various diseases for some weeks, which finally culminated in neuralgia of the heart, which was the direct cause of her death. She was tenderly cared for by her son and his wife, with whom she made her home for a number of years.

The deceased's maiden name was Elizabeth Rossman. Her first marriage was to Jacob Rockey. The surviving children to this union are William F., Tusseyville; Catharine, wife of John Ungert; Mary, wife of Wilson Kline, of Lakewood, Ohio; J. Ross, of Clifton Park, Ohio; Mrs. Samuel Jordon, Lewistown; Maggie, wife of John Davis, Altoona; Mrs. Flora Perkins, Rockey River, Ohio.

The funeral took place Tuesday morning, interment at Tusseyville. Rev. Kershner, of the Reformed church, pastor of the deceased, officiated. Her age was sixty-six years, three months and nine days. After the death of her first husband the deceased married William From, whom she also survived.

Mrs. Ungard, Mrs. Kline and J. Ross Rockey, all of Ohio, arrived Tuesday afternoon, having for some reason been delayed. With the exception of Mrs. Perkins, the remaining members of the family reached the old home. Jennie Morrow and Thomas Davis, of Altoona, also attended the funeral. The following brothers and one sister survive: Calvin Rossman, Siglerville; Henry and Michael Rossman, Tusseyville; Mrs. Thompson, of McAlevy's Fort.

CAPT. JACOB BREON.

The death of Captain Jacob Breon in Altoona, will be a surprise to residents in this portion of Centre County. The death occurred Sunday evening. His condition was not regarded serious until within a few days previous to death.

Captain Breon was born in Spring Mills, Centre County, May 30, 1829. Before the war Capt. Breon lived at Potters Mills, from which place he enlisted as a private in Company F, 148th Regt., of which Judge Beaver was colonel. After serving three and one-half years he returned to his home and went to work in Allison Bros. woolen mills. He lived at Potters Mills twenty years. He had been a resident of Altoona since 1882. He was a carpenter by trade, which occupation he followed the greater part of his life.

Capt. Breon was married November 20, 1849, to Mary Burrell, who with these children survive: Mrs. Simon Smull, Mrs. H. C. Smith, William H. and George E, all of Altoona.

Among those who attended the obsequies from Spring Mills were David Burrell and daughter, Mrs. Edwin Ruhl, Gates Kennelley and wife, Mrs. Ezra Harter and H. M. Cain; and Mrs. James Smetzler, Centre Hall.

WILLIAM S. GALBRAITH.

William S. Galbraith, at the age of about fifty-seven years, died Saturday at the home of ex-sheriff Woodring, Bellefonte, after an illness of several months.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Dr. J. F. Alexander Monday went to Philadelphia for medical treatment.

Mrs. Bowersox, and pretty little daughter, of Centre Hill, were callers Monday.

Edward Riter has employment with the Commercial telephone company as a lineman.

The skilled mason, J. R. Strong, of Potters Mills, was called to Yeagertown, Mifflin county, to do some fine mason work.

Prof. E. W. Crawford is teaching a class in music made up of members of the Lutheran church.

Andrew and O. T. Corman, of Spring Mills, were in Centre Hall Monday on business, and paid this office a visit.

Mrs. H. H. Miller and Mrs. Nevin J. Meyer, of Rebersburg, were guests of Mrs. D. J. Meyer, in this place, over Sunday.

Mrs. James Armstrong and Mrs. Sarah Foust, of Potters Mills, spent last Thursday with their sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Love, at Centre Hall.

Samuel Shoop and John Puff, prominent Odd Fellows, have special invitations to the 82nd anniversary of that order in Williamsport Friday.

The first car on the Lewistown and Reedsville Electric Railroad passed over the bridge in Mann's Narrows, Wednesday of last week, opening the road to Reedsville.

Clayton McKinney, wife and handsome little daughter, after spending a week with Mr. McKinney's parents, at Potters Mills, returned to their home in Altoona Monday.

C. H. Splitstone, of Crawford county, a student at Pennsylvania State College and member of the sophomore class, spent Sunday with his friend, Miles Arney, in this place.

Twenty-seven girls, students at the Holidaysburg Female Seminary, were poisoned Saturday by eating rheubarb that had been stewed in a kettle in which the inner lining was worn.

Frank Lee, of near Bellefonte, is the owner of a fine Guernsey cow that gave birth to a calf which at the age of one day weighed within a fraction of one hundred and twenty pounds.

J. H. Miller, of Millheim, and J. F. Harter, revenue collector and dentist of State College, were in town Friday. Mr. Miller made the rounds of the town and called on his old friends before leaving.

Orie Weaver, of Wolf's store, last week killed an eagle which measured five feet from tip to tip of wings. The bird flew on a tree near the dam, and on that perch it was killed by the young marksman.

'Squire M. L. Rishell, of Farmers Mills, found time to spend an half hour in the Reporter office Thursday of last week. The Squire spends much of his time settling up estates, in which he has had great experience.

Henry Meyer and Fred Weber, of Boalsburg, were in town Friday transacting business of considerable importance to the former gentleman, who is engaged in farming near Boalsburg, and belongs to the class of soil-tillers who make farming pay.

CHECK FORGED.

An Unsuccessful Effort Made to Beat the Penn's Valley Bank.

Tuesday an individual tried to do Penns Valley Banking company with two bogus checks, amounting to sixty dollars, drawn in favor of J. Royer, by the Coburn Grain and Creamery Company. The checks were handed Bank Clerk Charles Bartholomew, who passed them to Cashier Mingle. Suspicion was aroused, and the Commercial telephone was brought into use to test validity of the checks, which, of course proved forgeries. While the telephoning was being done, the forger hastily left the bank, walked down East Church street where he entered his conveyance and drove eastward.

A livery rig was secured as soon as possible and an effort made to overtake the rascal, but the pursuers were eluded. Wednesday there was word received that a man answering the description was to be found in Millheim, and later he was brought to this place for identification. He was not the man wanted, and was promptly discharged.

About two years ago two checks amounting to $80.00 were forged on the same Coburn firm, but the forgery at that time was not suspected until the checks reached the Millheim bank. It is presumed that the same party had a hand in the making of all the checks, as they were identical in their make up except as to amounts.

Democratic County Committee.

The County Democratic Committee met Monday in Bellefonte and confirmed the apportionment of delegates.

A resolution was introduced by Col. D. F. Fortney commending the state central committee on the selection of State Chairman Creasy; discountenancing the action of Democrats who assisted Quay in his election to the U. S Senate; and commending the action of Senator Heinle in the State Senate.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Frances Harpster to Wm. Gates, dated Jan, 1, 1900, for 126 perches in Ferguson township; consideration, $250.

Ella M. Ivey, at. al. to John Bower, dated March 29, 1901; 5 town lots in Haines township, Aaronsburg; consideration $237.50.

Ella M. Ivey, et. al. to Emma C. Bower, dated March 27, 1901, 5 town lots, in Haines township, Aaronsburg; consideration, $237.50.

Julia Ann Corman, et baron, to Jacob F. Musser, dated April 1, 1901, for 138 acres, 52 perches in Gregg township; consideration $2750.00.

Samuel McWilliams to John P. Taylor, dated Jan. 27, 1900, for 162 acres, 72 perches in Ferguson township, consideration $6000 00.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Condo were guests of friends in Centre Hall this week.

Mrs. James B. McNitt, of near Milroy, whose health has been failing for several years, died last week.

The board of pardons at its meeting at Harrisburg Thursday of last week recommended the pardon of James Connelly, of Bellefonte, serving five and a half years for burning the armory.

JUDGE LOVE SUSTAINED.

SCORED ONE OVER INSURGENTS.

The supreme court Monday sustained the constitutionality of governor Stone's action in cutting off by veto $1,000,000 from the public school appropriation made by the State Legislature in 1898.

The governor's right to veto certain parts of appropriation bills was carried to the supreme court by the Patton township school district of this county, on appeal from the decision of President Judge Love, who held that the veto was constitutional. The township's school board instituted proceedings to recover its portion of the money which was lost to the township schools by the governor's veto and applied to Judge Love for a mandamus. The petition was refused and the case was immediately carried to the supreme court.

The supreme court seems to have been assisted in reaching a conclusion favorable to the veto by the fact that any other decision would lead to confusion and difficulty. The Legislature appropriated $11,000,000 for public schools. The governor scratched off $11,000,000 and wrote it $10,000,000 and signed the bill. If that is not valid, what do the schools get under the law? Not $11,000,000, for the governor never approved that appropriation; not $10,000,000, for the governor never appropriated that particular sum. In fact, if the governor's approval of $10,000,000 is invalid the whole school grant fails for want of a legal executive approval. But the money has already been paid out and expended, and the only way the supreme court could save the state infinite trouble was for it to stand by the governor and affirm that what he did is right.

Judge Mestrezat files a very able dissenting opinion in which he argues with great fulness and power against the right of the Supreme Court to review the fake case trumped up in Centre county without proper jurisdiction and also against the right of the Governor of Pennsylvania to reduce items in an appropriation bill. He holds that to declare the Governor's reduction in the appropriation unconstitutional would make the original grant of $11,000,000 valid, since the Governor's signature was appended to the bill, and his illegal editing of it was of no force and could therefore be ignored. In this country, however, the majority rules in the Supreme Court as elsewhere, and Judge Mestrezat's strong argument has but the efficiency of a single vote in a full court of seven judges.

BENCH, BAR, AND JURY. . . . . .

WHAT WAS DONE IN THE TEMPLE OF JUSTICE.

The first week of April term opened Monday at 9 a. m., Hon. John G. Love presiding. W. H. Fry, of Ferguson township, was appointed foreman of the grand jury, after which the court delivered the usual charge. The usual motions and petitions were presented and the civil list for the first and second week was called and causes for trial noted.

Messrs. Poorman, Kline, Guisewite and Klinger waved the finding of the grand jury and plead guilty of assault and battery and resisting an officer They paid the costs and the court suspended sentence, pending the good behavior of the defendants.

Court adjourned at 11 a. m. and reconvened at 2 p. m. The first case called was that of Com. vs. John D. Auman, charge, assault and battery; prosecutrix, Annie Auman, the wife of the defendant. Verdict, not guilty; cost to be paid by the defendant.

The remainder of Monday afternoon and part of Tuesday morning was occupied by the trial of the civil suit of John A. Hunter, vs. George Taylor. This controversy arose out of a dispute in regard to rental due the landlord, John A. Hunter; evidence closed at 9.45 a. m. Verdict for defendant.

In the case of Com. vs. Martin Hayes, charge assault and battery, the defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $40.00 and costs of prosecution.

Verdicts were taken on the following cases after they had been amended by striking out the terre tenants:

C. T. Gerbrick vs. Anna H. Tipton, et. al.; verdict $686.75.

Clement Dale, vs. R. J. Tipton, et. al.; verdict, $522 26.

The following civil suits were settled or continued:

A. Hanscom vs. Jacob Quiggle; continued.

D. W. Clark, vs. James E. Tibbens; settled.

J. S. McCarger vs. R. B. Montgomery; settled.

The following criminal cases were settled:

Com. vs. Mark and John Hartsock; charge, assault and battery; settled.

Com. vs. Elmer Lyle; charge, indecent assault; settled.

Com. vs. Tobias Wetzel; charge, felonous rape; settled.

Com. vs. Charles Rodgers; charge, threatening to use fire arms; settled.

Com. vs. J. W. Kitchen; charge, violating pure food laws; settled.

Com. vs. Cyrus Shoope; charge betrayal. Verdict, guilty; usual sentence.

The first case called on Tuesday afternoon was that of Com. vs. Jonas Auman and Samuel Hoover; charge, larceny. Samuel Hoover plead guilty; Auman plead not guilty and was tried by the jury. The facts in the case are that a belt was taken from the saw mill of Mr. Ertle last January and afterward several pieces of the belt were found in possession of Joe. Rider, who said the belt was given him by Jonas Auman. On motion of N. B. Spangler a nol pros was entered for Jonas Auman. Hoover was sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory.

Com. vs. George Sikora; charge, assault and battery; defendant plead guilty to the assault; sentenced to pay a fine of $20.00 and costs.

Com. vs. Charles Schad and Milton Nayman; charge, cutting timber trees. On motion of attorney a nol pros was entered at the close of the Com. testimony, county to to pay the cost of record and no witness fees to be charged.

Com. vs. Cunningham McIntire; charge, entering a store to commit a felony. On April 7th, 1901, McIntire entered a store room in Philipsburg and went through the money drawer. Suspicion was directed to McIntire by the fact that he had in his possession an amount of money in small change.

Com. vs. E. L. Irvin; charge, attempt to commit abortion, causing the death of the woman. Eight counts. The above stated case was called at 2.30 Wednesday afternoon and the greater part of the day was occupied in empaneling the jury. Reeder and Quigly moved to quash the indictment after argument. The Court refused the motion. At the time of going to press the Com. had heard only a small portion of the testimony. This case will probably occupy all of Thursday and part of Friday.

Stepped from a Bridge.

Mrs. Witmyer, of Coburn, while crossing the Penns Creek bridge at that place one night recently, accidentally stepped off the bridge, and was precipitated a distance of about twelve feet. Her shoulder was dislocated by striking some object in the descent. Dr. Frank, of Millheim, rendered the necessary aid to the injured lady.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

Bert Painter, alias Harvey Spangler, was arrested for non-support at Col. Fred Reynold's farm near Bellefonte, by a Lewistown woman, who claims to be his wife. Painter lived with a woman, to whom he was supposed to have been married, and when she heard of wife No. 1, she attempted to commit suicide by the use of a razor, but was prevented. She also threatened to kill her child.

John Snavely, of Spring Mills, is putting out a circular calling the attention of property owners to the advantages of having their buildings properly rodded, thereby protecting the same against destruction by lightning. Mr. Snavely is offering to do business on a small margin, and any one contemplating having their buildings rodded will do well by calling on him.

Few people are aware that in the mountains of North Carolina there exists an Indian republic whose government is quite outside the jurisdiction of the state or of the United States. Mr. Landon Knight has visited this little republic in the interest of the Woman's Home Companion, and his description of it will appear in the June number, fully illustrated with photographs.

An order permitting mail carries to wear shirt waists during hot weather has been issued by the Post Office Department. This imformation is given here especially for the benefit of Messrs. D. A. Boozer and James Horner, who no doubt will take advantage of the new ruling.

On Hoffer street the good effects of a road scraper may be observed. A scraper was used last fall and the street today is in fairly good condition, but should have a little attention before washing begins.

New England Women

Have an Abiding Faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

After years of struggle to attain and merit public confidence, with a firm and steadfast belief that some day others would recognize in us the truth, good faith, and honesty of purpose which we know we possess, what a genuine satisfaction it is to succeed, and to realize the uplifting influence of the merited confidence of a vast army of our fellow beings.

Thus stands the Pinkham name in New England, and all over America, and nowhere is the faith in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound greater than in New England, its home. Merit, and merit alone, can gain this.

ORGANIC INFLAMMATION.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was troubled very badly with inflammation of the bladder, was sick in bed with it. I had two doctors, but they did me no good. A friend gave me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it helped me. I have now taken three bottles of it, and I am entirely cured. It is a God-send to any woman, and I would recommend it to any one suffering as I was. I think, if most of the women would take more of your medicine instead of going to the doctors, they would be better off. The Compound has also cured my husband of kidney trouble."

MRS. MABEL GOOKIN,
Box 160. Mechanic Falls, Maine.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

"For two years I suffered from nervous prostration, the result of female weakness. I had leucorrhoea very badly, and at time of menstruation would be obliged to go to bed. Also suffered with headaches, pain across back, and in lower part of abdomen. I was so discouraged. I had read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound, and concluded to give it a trial. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, and received a very nice letter in return. I began at once the use of her Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now feeling splendid. I have no more pain at monthly periods, can do my own work, and have gained ten pounds. I would not be without your Vegetable Compound. It is a splendid medicine. I am very thankful for what it has done for me."—MRS. J. W. J., 76 Carolina Ave., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

PAINFUL PERIODS.

"I cannot help but feel that it is my duty to do something in regard to recommending your wonderful medicine. I must say it is the grandest medicine on earth, and have advised a great many suffering with female troubles to take it. I tell people I wish I could go on the platform and lecture on it.

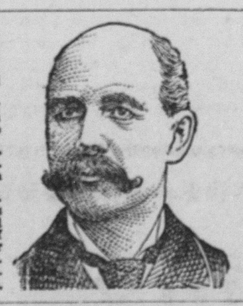
"My trouble was painful menstruation. The suffering I endured pen cannot describe. I was treated by one of our most prominent physicians here for five months, and found myself getting worse instead of better. At the end of the fifth month he told me he had done all he could for me, and that I had better go to the hospital.

"My sister advised me to try your Vegetable Compound, as it cured her of backache. I did so, and took it faithfully, and am now cured of my trouble, and in perfect health, many thanks to your medicine. I cannot praise it enough, and would recommend it to all who suffer from any female weakness."—MRS. H. S. BALL, 461 Orchard St., New Haven, Conn.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

If Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure these women—why not you—you cannot tell until you try it. If you are ill, and really want to get well, commence its use at once, and do not let any drug clerk persuade you that he has something of his own which is better, for that is absurd. Ask him to produce the evidence we do.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.



The real worth of my $3.00 and $3.50 shoes compared with other makes is $4.00 to $5.00. My $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price. Best in the world for men.

I make and sell more men's fine shoes, Goodyear Welt (Hand-Sewed Process), than any other manufacturer in the world. I will pay $1,000 to any one who can prove that my statement is not true.
(Signed) **W. L. Douglas.**

Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Your dealer should keep them; if he does not keep them and will not get them for you, order direct from factory, enclosing price and 25c. extra for carriage. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. New Spring Catalog free. **Best Color Eyelets used exclusively.** W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Cause of Sighs.

Prof. Lumsden says that sighing is but another name for oxygen starvation. The cause of sighing is most frequently worry, says Popular Science News. An interval of several seconds often follows moments of mental disquietude, during which time the chest walls remain rigid until the imperious demand is made for oxygen, thus causing the deep inhalation. It is the expiration following the inspiration that is properly termed the sigh, and this sigh is simply an effort of the organism to obtain the necessary supply of oxygen. The remedy is to cease worrying. One may be anxious, but there is no rational reason for worrying. A little philosophy will banish worry at once. Worry will do no good. It will rob one of pleasures when blessings do come, as one will not be in a condition to enjoy them.

MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY OF EXPERIENCE AND OUR GUARANTEE ARE BACK OF EVERY WATERPROOF OILED SLICKER OR COAT BEARING THIS TRADE MARK. TOWER'S FISH BRAND

ON SALE EVERYWHERE. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. CATALOGUES FREE SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 41

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

The weight of the air which encircles the earth is equal to that of 581,000 cubes of copper, each 1093 yards square.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

The British Government will be asked for $45,000,000 to start the construction of thirty-three new war vessels.

The man who writes the prettiest love letters seldom makes the best husband.

A Month's Test Free.

If you have Rheumatism, write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., Box 148, for six bottles of his Rheumatic Cure, exp. paid. Send no money. Pay $5.50 if cured.

Visitors to Mount Vernon, the home of the Father of His Country, have the choice of two routes from Washington—electric car or steamboat.

Hear That Bark!

It means Pneumonia. Cure it with Hoxsie's Croup Cure. No failure here. 50 cents.

In many of the islands of the Pacific Ocean elephantiasis attacks from twenty to fifty per cent. of the population.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Fossil remains of horses that were no bigger than foxes, and belonging to the cocene age, have been found in California.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

London is said to be richer in trees than any other European city.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

The length of the Congo River is believed to exceed 2000 miles, and it drains an area of 800,000 square miles.

GARDEN AND FARM

FEEDING VALUE OF SKIMMILK AND WHEY.

Carefully made tests in feeding skimmilk to stock show that five pounds of skimmilk from the gravity system is equal to one pound of grain. If separator skimmilk is used, it requires six pounds to equal one pound of grain. As a general rule, whey is about half as valuable as skimmilk, that is, it requires 10 to 12 pounds of whey to produce as much gain as one pound of grain. Both are exceedingly valuable for pigs and should be fed in the best possible condition as soon as available. Do not allow either to become sour.

YOUNG CALVES SHOULD BE KEPT DRY.

Under no circumstances should spring calves, or fall calves for that matter, be allowed to stay out during rainy weather. They should be kept in a barn or stable and provided with plenty of dry bedding. If they are allowed to get wet their feed will have to be increased, their coats become rough and they cease to grow. They must be kept in a thrifty, healthy condition at all times.

FOWLS AND YOUNG TREES.

Run the hens in the orchard among the young trees as much as possible. They are beneficial to the trees in various ways. A southern horticulturist who has a young peach orchard that was, and is still the admiration of his neighborhood, states that he owes much to his poultry for the thrift and beauty of his peach trees. He asserts that the hens, under his system of management keep his young trees free from borers. It is his custom to loosen the earth about the base of the trees, which action attracts the hens to them to scratch for worms and insects in the loose soil; and in doing so they get at that part of the tree where the borers generally do the most damage, that is just beneath the surface ordinarily, and then they clean out everything in the way of worms and bugs about the base of the trees. It is a good plan to place the coops containing the little chickens among the young trees, too. They are great bug hunters and will do much work of this kind when they have the opportunity. The most thrifty trees we ever grew were those set out in the chicken yards.—H. B. G., in The Epitomist.

TO GIVE A FINE COAT.

Food influences the character of the coat more than anything else. A succulent and at the same time a nutritious and properly balanced food influences the coat favorably. It makes it more vigorous, more glossy, and more mossy to the touch. An illustration of this is found in the abundant exuberance of the coat in the spring after cattle, for instance, have been turned out upon grass that has made considerable growth. Had the same animals been continued on a winter diet they would have been slow to shed their coats. The growth of the hair would also be less vigorous, and it would not have that fine luster about it which is so attractive in the coat of the animal feeding on nutritious pastures.

The favorable influence which a liberal diet of field roots has on the coat of growing animals has been frequently noticed. It furnishes an illustration of the influence thus exerted in winter by feeding a properly constituted succulent food. But there are a few foods not succulent in character that exert a favorable influence on the coat. One of these is oil cake. A second is akin to it and yet more expensive, that is ground linseed.

Steamed barley exerts a fine influence on the coat of horses. New milk exerts an admirable influence on the coat of young animals. Food over carbonaceous injures the coat. It does so partly by deranging digestion and partly because of the lack of balance in the food ingredients which it furnishes.—The Farmer.

BEST LOCATION FOR BEES.

Most every one has his or her favorite location for the apiary. Some choose the most shaded point possible. After experimenting for several years we have determined that, in our locality at least, the most exposed place possible is prolific of the best results. In the country between the Missouri river and the mountains the nights are usually cool, and we find that the mercury falls two or three degrees lower in the shade than on the open ground, that it requires a much longer time to warm up the hives in the shade in the morning than those not shaded and, besides this, the sun comes out so warm in the morning that often before the colonies in the shade are warmed up the sun has evaporated a great portion of the nectar. It is with the bee as with the farm hand; the fellow who gets out early in the morning is the one who usually accomplishes the greatest day's work.

In experimenting with this matter of location we find that the colony located nearest the shade gathers the least stores, while those located on the most exposed ground gather most. One case in particular was a colony shaded by a small plum tree. As the tree grew the colony produced less stores, until it barely gathered sufficient to winter itself. We moved this colony out into the sunlight and it went back to its old record in honey-making.

We set our hives facing the east, that the sun may shine on the entrance as soon as it peeps up in the morning, and further, that it may shine on the rear late in the evening in order to facilitate evaporation as long as possible. We use a temporary shade made with a few old staves tacked on a two by two, two feet long, and which protects the top and sides of the hive, allowing a free circulation of air, and the sun to shine on either end as it is reached.—E. Whitcomb, in New England Homestead.

THE SAN JOSE SCALE.

Professor V. L. Kellogg, of Stanford University, writes interestingly in Science of the work done by Mr. S. I. Kuwana in his study of the San Jose scale. This insect, now one of the most formidable pests of fruits and nursery stock, has spread through thirty-five states and territories, and, while everywhere recognized as a scourge, is flourishing in spite of the active antagonism of economic entomologists, state legislatures, and fruit-growers. Professor Kellogg states that, in his own belief, the only way by which its ravages can be checked is by the importation of one or more of its natural enemies. These, apparently, are lady-bird beetles. With the object of finding a natural enemy capable of keeping the nest in check, Mr. Kuwana spent all last summer in Japan, from which country the insect probably came, studying its habits and environments. As a result of his exploration, it is certain that the San Jose scale is widely distributed over the whole empire of Japan, though in few places is it a serious pest. The natural enemies keeping it down he found to be three species of lady-bird beetles, and one moth, the larva of which feeds on the scale. One of these three species of lady-bird beetles is everywhere common, and seems very efficient in decreasing the amount of the pest. Whether the importation of the beetle into this country would check the ravages of the scale here is problematical, but, at any rate, it is well worth trying. Mr. Kuwana's observations certainly point to the conclusion that the San Jose scale inhabited Japan before it entered North America, though, since he was unable to find it growing on any uncultivated tree, it is probable that its original home is farther west—in China.

GRASSHOPPER DESTROYERS.

Alexander Craw, quarantine officer of the State Board of Horticulture, has received from Australia a consignment of tachina, which are expected to exterminate the grasshoppers of California. The tachinas are said to be the hereditary enemies of the 'hoppers, and are guaranteed to do no injury to trees or vines, but to devote their time and energies strictly to the purpose for which they are imported. The flies will be kept in cold storage, at a temperature of about 25 degrees, until May, when they will be liberated simultaneously with the annual appearance of the grasshoppers. The Australian consignment also comprises a considerable number of lady birds, which are believed to be adapted for the destruction of the red scale of Santa Clara orchards.—San Francisco Chronicle.

RAISING SPRING CHICKENS.

Spring chickens are expensive eating when one has to buy them, but there is no reason why a farmer's wife or daughter should not treat her family to a dish occasionally, if she does not mind the same trouble she would give to a few plants in the window or to a canary bird.

Early sitting hens are a delusion and a snare. I had heard so much of the trouble of incubators and the expense of brooder-houses that I thought it of no use to try to raise early spring chickens, except as a business. But I could not resist experimenting with a five-dollar incubator. I bought one of the hot-water kind, thinking it would be more easily regulated than the hot-air kind. It held fifty eggs. I set it in a little hall closet that was rather close, and seldom used except to hang scrap-bags in.

I tried running the incubator empty for a day or two until I thought I could venture my eggs in it. Variations of temperature, unless very pronounced and continued, seem to make little difference. Too high temperature the first week and too low temperature the last, is to be especially guarded against. The directions come with the incubator. Of my first setting, I hatched every egg that was fertile, but one.

My first brooder was a small round basket with a piece of old flannel in the bottom and a piece to cover. I began to feed the chicks after the second day, and a healthier, more hungry set I never saw. For a feeding ground, I had a light box with a thin slat top, the bottom covered with old newspapers and a layer of coarse sand about an inch deep, set in a sunny window, and after a few days they staid all day in it, and were only put in their basket and covered up at night.

I fed them coarse corn meal, mixed crumbly and cracked grain, and made them scratch in the sand for it. I changed the sand once a week. I occasionally gave them a small piece of raw beef of such a size that one chick could pick it up and run with it, the others chasing, which afforded an hour's vigorous exercise. They grew right along, and I only lost one, and that through accident. In six weeks they were large enough to broil, and thirty or forty broilers at this season are a great treat.—A. F. L., in the Country Gentleman.

A Mean Man.

"There's the meanest man I ever met," said the shoe dealer, as the customer passed out of his store. "A number seven boot fits him nicely, but he buys number elevens, because he gets them for the same price."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

PEOPLE OF AUSTRALIA.

THEIR ENVIRONMENT HAS MADE THEM BROAD-MINDED.

Their Isolation Makes Them Hospitable—He Has Outgrown Repression—Aspirations Above Mere Money-Making Have Been Generated—Desire to Be World Factors

"Strong from the outdoor life they lead and from contention with the difficult conditions that have confronted them, the Australians as a people have become tall and straight like their gum trees, broad-shouldered, deep-chested and wiry. They are clear of eyes and skin, of remarkable soundness and whiteness in their teeth, of luxuriant, fine-textured hair. Bertillon says: 'When you see these characteristics generally marked you may know you are in the presence of a great people.'

"Magnificent distances stand before them wherever they travel within their own country, and the long travel develops endurance and calm power against adversities, as well as the gift to laugh at the smaller difficulties and embarrassments of every-day life. The £40,000,000 worth of products which the country exports annually to England comes chiefly from the vast interior, and there hundreds and hundreds of men dwell in stations separated by days of journeying.

"There, in lonely isolation among millions of gum trees, they tend flocks of sheep numbering upwards to 200,000 per flock. There among the far-stretching hills and mountains they round up ranges bearing 15,000 to 30,000 head of cattle. And the life that these men lead leaves its impress upon the nation.

"Men who dwell in the interior of Australia are ever in the presence of valleys, plains and gorges stretching in all directions, with mountains pushing upon mountains till, in the hazy distance, they are lost in the sky-line—no man's land, desolate, untenanted; theirs if they want it, only most of them already have more than they know what to do with. The immensity, the colossal expansion presided over by an almost awe-inspiring stillness, become either maddening or sublime, according to the temperament. Curiously enough, it is usually the sublimity that prevails.

"Another effect, and one which plays equally strong in shaping the qualities of the nation, has arisen from contact with the wilderness. The Australians that lived in great solitudes could not afford to be exclusive. They felt out for a hand. Their hospitality was eager. The bush was open house. Thus his environment forced away inherited exclusiveness and the Australian became a different man from the Briton—broader, franker and more unselfish. He has outgrown repression and the sense of superiority. He has had enough experience to give him a wholesome sense of humor. He has worked hard enough to appreciate relaxation. He has borne into the new land the liking of his home country for sport, but he has followed it on a broader scale. He has his horse races, as in England; but he has his kangaroo hunts, which make the hare hunting of England seem like schoolboy's play.

"Life to the Australian is as his continent. There have been times when both life and the continent were hard to hold, but the probation period is passed. Australia for Australians has become an unchanging impulse of all the people. The inhabitants have come to realize that the power to grow, to spread their influence beyond the country's borders—in other words, to assume nationality—is now theirs.

"Aspirations above mere money-making have been generated. Australians feel the desire to rub against the people of other countries, and to test the gifts and acquirements of their long struggle in the redemption of the continent. In other words, political ambition has arisen. The federation is the means chosen to realize that ambition.

"The people of Australia love the home government and presumably never will separate from it; but they have become sufficiently important to possess the autonomy and the practical participation in governing which belong to a state that is an integral part of any central government. Prior to the federation, their governors were appointed in Downing street. Their legislators had no personal voice in Parliament. They themselves had no equality or intercourse with the great political centers of the world. All these developing responsibilities were cut off from them—responsibilities which, above all other things, are needed to awaken into action the highest intellect and the strongest judgment of a people. The Australians aspired to become a factor in the decision of world problems."—G. Sheridan Dowell in Ainslee's.

Sir Walter Scott's Estate to Let.

Abbottsford, the famous and delightful pleasure house which Sir Walter Scott embarrassed himself to create, is to be let, with its 1,300 acres of shooting. This is a unique opportunity for some wealthy admirer of "the Wizard of the North." The present owner of the most interesting literary shrine in these islands, with the exception of Shakespeare's home at Stratford, is the Hon. and Mrs. Maxwell Scott, Lockhardt's granddaughter, and Scott's great-granddaughter, who has, among other things, written a beautiful illustrated account of Abbottsford and its treasures. It was with difficulty that, when Scott's financial troubles came, the place was preserved to the family, which has always found it rather a costly heritage.—London Chronicle.

There is beauty in a wrinkled face, providing it is not wrinkled by selfishness.

HIS COSTLY MEAL OF EGGS.

What He Ate Would Have Brought Him $600 an Hour Later.

"Six hundred dollars' worth of eggs would seem to be a rather heavy breakfast for one man to eat," observed a well-known scientist to a Washington Star reporter, "but I can certify that a man ate that amount of eggs, and that he told me after he had got away with them that they had not fully satisfied his hunger. Ten minutes after he had finished his meal he complained that the eggs did not seem to sit well in his stomach. It happened in this way. Several years since I was out in the Rock mountains, in Colorado, hunting eggs for the Smithsonian Institution. I was instructed to devote special attention to pheasant eggs and to one variety in particular, the yellow pheasant, popularly called, which were then, as now, very scarce. The trip was on the whole rather successful, though I did not find many of the particular pheasant eggs referred to. One morning I found myself on one of the high mountains which surround the city of Georgetown, Col. I had had my own breakfast in the town and rode up the mountain on a burro carrying on my search for pheasant eggs. About 10 o'clock I ran across a mine prospector, who was just finishing up his breakfast. After spending some time in conversation with him, and as I was about leaving him, I noticed some pieces of egg shell on the ground. To my surprise and delight they were the shells of the pheasant eggs that I was so anxious to find. Not supposing that he was interested in my branch of science, I mentioned in a casual way that the shells were of the egg of a certain species of yellow pheasant that I was exceedingly anxious to find or secure. Then he told me that in his wandering up on the mountain that morning he had found a nest containing the eggs, and finding that they were fresh, he had eaten them, six in all. Then it was my turn to talk, and when I had told him that the eggs were very rare and that I would willingly pay $100 a piece for them, he looked disgusted and actually turned pale. He had been having rather a hard run of luck and felt very sorry, of course, that he had unaware partaken of such a high-priced breakfast. He thought he might be able to find another nest thereabouts and offered to furnish me six eggs of the same species for a sum considerably less than $600, which offer I accepted. We hunted together all that day and every day for over a week, but to no purpose. Three months later I made a similar find myself, but at a place 300 miles distant from there. The eggs I found are in the Smithsonian yet, and as far as I know are about the only eggs of that particular species in any collection in this country. A year ago I got a letter from the prospector. He is still in Colorado, but says he has never been able to eat an egg of a kind since."

Concerning Equine Nerves.

"While horses are not subject to 'nerves' like human beings, they are all more or less timid," remarked a famous horse breeder to the writer. "Fear in horses is due to the fact that they are inclined to magnify the unusual into the terrible, and night and twilight predisposes them to this nervous condition. Understanding or investigating these things, however, often removes all fear in a horse's mind. For instance, I have a pony which, when first put into harness, could not be induced to cross a railroad track until one day I urged the beast to touch one of the rails with his hoof. Finding it secure, he willingly trusted the other foot, and since then has never shown any fear of the glistening rails. On the other hand, I once had a mare which always jumped over the long shadows of tree trunks in the road and could never be induced to test whether or not the dreadful things were real or imaginary. Another curious illusion common among horses is that when one has once struck his head against the top of a stable door he can never quite get over the fear that there is something dreadful hanging about that door, ready to strike whenever he has to pass it. Perhaps horses have to live on in this uninterrupted fear because they have so few organs with which they may experiment. The elephant's trunk and the monkey's tail are about the only organs in the animal kingdom which seem to have been created expressly for the purpose of finding out things that look strange or dangerous.—Washington Star.

On Her Anniversary.

She sat on the top step, a rueful little object in the noon sunshine. Even the postman pitied her.

"Sick?"

"No. Only sorry."

"What's up?"

"It's my birthday. I'm four."

The postman shouted with glee, but she looked soberly sadder than before.

"Don't like to be four, eh? Don't feel well, eh?"

"Yes, I feel well. But I'm hungry."

"Had breakfast?"

"No. Nurse is away at her wedding, and cook's cross. Mamma's making me a sweet little dress for my party tonight, and I'm not bothering her. There'll be things to eat at the party and I'm going."

"Where's brother?"

"Brother's making me a jumping-jack for my present, and he slapped me because I peeked."

"More blessed to give than to receive," mused the postman. "And so you haven't had no food, eh?"

"Oh, yes, I haven't not had nothing. I've had a piece of bread and an icicle!"—Boston Transcript.

THE WORLD'S REDEEMER.

Dr. Talmage Gives Portraits of Some of His Great Disciples and Exponents.

The Love of Christ Set Forth—"He That Cometh From Above is Above All."

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage sounds the praises of the world's Redeemer, and puts before us the portraits of some of His great disciples and exponents; text, John iii, 31, "He that cometh from above is above all."

The most conspicuous character of history steps out upon the platform. The finger which, diamonded with light, pointed down to Him from the Bethlehem sky was only a ratification of the finger of prophecy, the finger of genealogy, the finger of chronology; the finger of events—all five fingers pointing in one direction. Christ is the overtopping figure of all time. He is the vox humana in all music, the gracefullest line in all sculpture, the most exquisite mingling of lights and shades in all painting, the acme of all climaxes, the dome of all cathedraled grandeur and the peroration of all splendid language.

The Greek alphabet is made up of twenty-four letters, and when Christ compared Himself to the first letter and the last letter, the alpha and omega, He appropriated to Himself all the splendors that you can spell out with those two letters and all the letters between them. "I am the alpha and omega, the beginning and the end, the first and the last." Or, if you prefer the words of the text, "Above all."

It means, after you have piled up all Alpine and Himalayan altitudes, the glory of Christ would have to spread its wings and descend a thousand leagues to touch those summits. Pelion, a high mountain of Thessaly; Ossa, a high mountain, and Olympus, a high mountain, but mythology tells us when the giants warred against the gods they piled up these three mountains and from the top of them proposed to scale the heavens, but the height was not great enough, and there was a complete failure. And after all the giants—Isaiah and Paul, prophetic and apostolic giants; Raphael and Michael Angelo, artistic giants; cherubim and seraphim and archangel, celestial giants—have failed to climb to the top of Christ's glory they might all well unite in the words of the text and say, "He that cometh from above is above all."

First, Christ must be above all else in our preaching. There are so many books on homiletics scattered through the world that all laymen, as well as all clergymen, have made up their minds what sermons ought to be. That sermon is most effectual which most pointedly puts forth Christ as the pardon of all sin and the correction of all evil, individual, social, political, national. There is no reason why we should ring the endless changes on a few phrases. There are those who think that if an exhortation or a discourse have frequent mention of justification, sanctification, covenant of works and covenant of grace, therefore it must be profoundly evangelical, while they are suspicious of a discourse which presents the same truth, but under different phraseology. Now, I say there is nothing in all the opulent realm of Anglo-Saxonism or all the word treasures that we inherited from the Latin and the Greek and the Indo-European, but we have a right to marshal it in religious discussion. Christ sets the example. His illustrations were from the grass, the flowers, the spittle, the salve, the barnyard fowl, the crystals of salt, as well as from the seas and the stars, and we do not propose in our Sunday-school teaching and in our pulpit address to be put on the limits.

I know that there is a great deal said in our day against words, as though they were nothing. They may be misused, but they have an imperial power. They are the bridge between soul and soul, between Almighty God and the human race. What did God write upon the tables of stone? Words. What did Christ utter on Mount Olivet? Words. Out of what did Christ strike the spark for the illumination of the universe? Out of words. "Let there be light," and light was. Of course thought is the cargo and words are only the ship, but how fast would your cargo get on without the ship? What you need, my friends, in all your work, in your Sunday-school class, in your reformatory institutions, and what we all need is to enlarge our vocabulary when we come to speak about God and Christ in heaven. We ride a few old words to death when there is such an illimitable resource. Shakespeare employed 15,000 different words for dramatic purposes. Milton employed 8000 different words for poetic purposes; Rufus Choate employed over 11,000 different words for legal purposes, but the most of us have less than a thousand words that we can manage, less than 500, and that makes us so stupid.

When we come to set forth the love of Christ, we are going to take the tenderest phraseology wherever we find it, and if it has never been used in that direction before all the more shall we use it. When we come to speak of the glory of Christ the conqueror, we are going to draw our similes from triumphal arch and oratorio and everything grand and stupendous. The French navy has eighteen flags by which they give signal, but those eighteen flags they can put into 66,000 different combinations, combinations infinite and varieties everlasting. And let me say to young men who are after a while going to preach Jesus Christ, you will have the largest liberty and unlimited resource. You only have to present Christ in your own way.

Jonathan Edwards preached Christ in the severest argument ever penned, and John Bunyan preached Christ in the sublimest allegory ever composed. Edward Payson, sick and exhausted, leaned up against the side of his pulpit and wept out his discourse, while George Whitefield, with the manner and the voice and the art of an actor, overwhelmed his auditory. It would have been a different thing if Jonathan Edwards had tried to write and dream about the pilgrim's progress to the celestial city or John Bunyan had attempted an essay on the human will.

Brighter than the light, fresher than the fountains, deeper than the seas, are these gospel themes. Song has not melody, flowers have no sweetness, sunset sky has no color, compared with these glorious themes. These harvests of grace spring up quicker than we can sickle them. Kindling pulpits with their fire and producing revolutions with their power, lighting up dying beds with their glory, they are the sweetest thought for the poet, and they are the most thrilling illustration for the orator, and they offer the most intense scene for the artist, and they are to the embassador of the sky all enthusiasm. Complete pardon for direst guilt. Sweetest comfort for ghastliest agony. Brightest hope for grimmest death. Grandest resurrection for darkest sepulcher.

"Oh, what a gospel to preach! Christ over all in it. His birth, His suffering, His miracles, His parables, His sweat, His fears, His blood, His atonement, His intercession—what glorious themes! Do we exercise faith? Christ is its object. Do we have love? It fastens on Jesus. Have we a fondness for the church? It is because Christ died for it. Have we a hope of heaven? It is because Jesus went ahead, the herald and the forerunner.

The royal robe of Demetrius was so costly, so beautiful, that after he had put it off no one ever dared put it on. But this robe of Christ, richer than that, the poorest and wannest and the worst may wear. "Where sin abounded grace may much more abound."

"Oh, my sins, my sins," said Martin Luther to Staupitz; "my sins, my sins!" The fact is that the brawny German student had found a Latin Bible that had made him quake, and nothing else ever did make him quake, and when he found how, through Christ, he was pardoned and saved he wrote to a friend, saying: "Come over and join us, great and awful sinners saved by the grace of God. You seem to be only a slender sinner, and you don't much extol the mercy of God, but we who have been such very awful sinners praise His grace the more now that we have been redeemed." Can it be that you are so desperately egotistical that you feel yourself in first rate spiritual trim, and that from the root of the hair to the tip of the toe you are scarless and immaculate? What you need is a looking glass, and here it is in the Bible. Poor and wretched and miserable and blind and naked from the crown of the head to the sole of the foot, full of wounds and putrefying sores. No health in us. And then take the fact that Christ gathered up all the notes against us and paid them and then offered us the receipt.

And how much we need Him in our sorrows! We are independent of circumstances if we have His grace. Why, He made Paul sing in the dungeon, and under that grace St. John from desolate Patmos heard the blast of the apocalyptic trumpets. After all other candles have been snuffed out this is the light that gets brighter and brighter unto the perfect day, and after, under the hard hoofs of calamity, all the pools of worldly enjoyment have been trampled into deep mire, at the foot of the eternal rock, the Christian, from cups of granite, lily rimmed and vine covered, puts out the thirst of his soul.

Again I remark that Christ is above all in dying alleviations. I have not any sympathy with the morbidity abroad about our demise. The Emperor of Constantinople arranged that on the day of his coronation the stonemason should come and consult him about his tombstone that after a while he would need, and there are men who are monomanical on the subject of departure from this life by death, and the more they think of it the less prepared are they to go. This is an unmanliness not worthy of you, nor worthy of me.

Saladin, the greatest conqueror of his day, while dying ordered the tunic he had on him to be carried after his death on a spear at the head of his army, and then the soldier ever and anon should stop and say: "Behold all that is left of Saladin, the emperor and conqueror! Of all the states he conquered, of all the wealth he accumulated, nothing did he retain but this shroud!"

I have no sympathy with such behavior or such absurd demonstration, or with much that we hear uttered in regard to departure from this life to the next. There is a common-sensical idea on this subject that you and I need to consider—that there are only two styles of departure.

A thousand feet under ground, by light of torch toiling in a miner's shaft, a ledge of rock may fall upon us, and we may die a miner's death. Far out at sea, falling from the slippery ratlines and broken on the halyards, we may die a sailor's death. On mission of mercy in hospital, amid broken bones and reeling leprosies and raging fevers, we may die a philanthropist's death.

On the field of battle, serving God and our country, slugs through the heart, the gun carriage may roll over us, and we may die a patriot's death. But, after all, there are only two styles of departure—the death of the righteous and of the wicked, and we all want to die the former.

What did the dying Janeway say? "I can as easily die as close my eyes or turn my head in sleep. Before a few hours have passed I shall stand on Mount Zion with the one hundred and forty and four thousand and with the just men made perfect, and we shall ascribe riches and honor and glory and majesty and dominion unto God and the Lamb." Dr. Taylor, condemned to burn at the stake, on his way thither broke away from the guardsmen and went bounding and leaping and jumping toward the fire, glad to go to Jesus and to die for Him. Sir Charles Hare in his last moment had such rapturous vision that he cried, "Upward, upward, upward!" And so great was the peace of one of Christ's disciples that he put his finger upon the pulse in his wrist and counted it and observed its halting beats until his life had ended here to begin in heaven. But grander than that was the testimony of the wornout first missionary when in the Mamartine dungeon he cried: "I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand! I have fought the good fight. I have finished my course. I have kept the faith. Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous judge, will give me in that day, and not to me only, but to all them that love His appearing!" Do you not see that Christ is above all in dying alleviations?

Toward the last hour of our earthly residence we are speeding. When I see the spring blossoms scattered, I say, "Another season gone forever." When I close the Bible on Sabbath night, I say, "Another Sabbath departed." When I bury a friend, I say, "Another earthly attraction gone forever." What nimble feet the years have!

The roebucks and the lightnings run not so fast. From decade to decade, from sky to sky, they go at a bound. There is a place for us, whether marked or not, where you and I will sleep the last sleep, and the men are now living who will with solemn tread carry us to our resting place.

So, also, Christ is above all, in heaven. The Bible distinctly says that Christ is the chief theme of the celestial ascription, all the thrones facing His throne, all the palms waved before His face, all the crowns down at His feet. Cherubim to cherubim, seraphim to seraphim, redeemed spirit to redeemed spirit, shall recite the Saviour's earthly sacrifice.

Stand on some high hill of heaven, and in all the radiant sweep the most glorious object will be Jesus. Myriads gazing on the scars of His suffering, in silence first, afterward breaking forth into acclamation. The martyrs, all the purer for the flame through which they passed, will say, "This is Jesus, for whom we died." The apostles, all the happier for the shipwreck and the scourging through which they went, will say, "This is the Jesus whom we preached at Corinth, and in Cappadocia, and at Antioch, and at Jerusalem." Little children, clad in white will say, "This is the Jesus who took us in His arms and blessed us, and when the storms of the world were too cold and loud brought us into this beautiful place." The multitudes of the bereft will say, "This is the Jesus who comforted us when our heart broke." Many who had wandered clear off from God and plunged into vagabondism, but were saved by grace, will say: "This is the Jesus who pardoned us. We were lost on the mountains, and He brought us home. We were guilty and He made us white as snow." Mercy boundless, grace unparalleled. And then, after each one has recited his peculiar deliverances and peculiar mercies, recited them as by solo, all the voices will come together in a great chorus, which shall make the arches re-echo with the eternal reverberation of gladness and peace and triumph.

Edward I. was so anxious to go to the Holy Land that when he was about to expire he bequeathed $160,000 to have his heart after his decease taken and deposited in the Holy Land, and his request was complied with. But there are hundreds today whose hearts are already in the holy land of heaven. Where your treasures are, there are your hearts also. John Bunyan, of whom I spoke at the opening of the discourse, caught a glimpse of that place, and in his quaint way he said: "And I heard in my dream, and, lo, the bells of the city rang again for joy. And as they opened the gates to let in the men I looked in after them, and, lo, the city shone like the sun, and there were streets of gold, and men walked on them, harps in their hands to sing praises with all. And after that they shut up the gates, which when I had seen I wished myself among them."

Glimpses of the Ancient World.

The recent expedition of Messrs. McIver and Wilkin, in Algeria, has thrown light upon the prehistoric connections between Libya and Egypt, says the Youth's Companion. Resemblances of pottery are regarded as establishing the fact that the ancestors of the modern Berbers had close relations with prehistoric Egypt. The explorers say the Berbers are essentially a white race, and are the true representatives of white Libyans pictured in the old Egyptian wall paintings.

This Will Interest Many.

To quickly introduce the famous blood purifier, B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) into new homes, we will give away 10,000 treatments absolutely free. B. B. B. will positively cure all blood and skin troubles—ulcers, cancers, scrofula, eczema, eating sores, itching humors, swellings, pimples, boils, carbuncles, bone pains, rheumatism, catarrh, contagious blood poison, affecting throat, bones and joints or mucous patches. B. B. B. makes the blood pure and rich, heals every sore or eruption and stops all aches and pains. Druggists, $1. For free treatment, address Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice given until cured. B. B. B. cures old, deep-seated cases that refuse to heal under patent medicines or doctors' treatment.

The people who pride themselves on being determined are in many instances only contrary.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The foreign trade of Mexico now reaches an annual value of $140,000,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

There are at present 160,000 children in Cuba enrolled in the free public schools.

Sudden and Severe attacks of

Neuralgia

come to many of us, but however bad the case

St. Jacobs Oil

penetrates promptly and deeply, soothes and strengthens the nerves and brings a sure cure.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books, telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., New York.

If Your Wife

is nervous and your doctor's medicine does her no good, why don't you write to Dr. Greene about her and get his advice? This will not cost you anything, and it will probably be the means of making your wife a well woman.

Dr. Greene's address is 35 W. 14th St., New York City. He is the discoverer of Dr. Greene's Nervura and has the greatest success curing nervousness in all its forms. It is no exaggeration to say that thousands of women and men have been made well through his counsel. Absolutely no charge for advice by mail.

SEND NO MONEY Cut out and return this ad, mention No. 2661, and we will send you this new, Improved, High Grade, High Arm, Drop Head, Five-Drawer, Oak Cabinet, 20-year guaranteed Rockford H Sewing Machine by freight C. O. D., SUBJECT TO EXAMINATION. You can examine it at your freight depot, and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, as good a machine as you can buy elsewhere at $30.00 to $40.00, THE MOST WONDERFUL BARGAIN EVER HEARD OF, pay the freight agent our SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $12.85 and freight charges. USE THE MACHINE THREE MONTHS IN YOUR OWN HOME and we will RETURN YOUR MONEY ANY DAY YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED.

THE NEW 1901 MODEL ROCKFORD H is greatly improved, combines the best features of $50.00 and $60.00 machines, with the defects of none. For years we have staked our reputation on our ROCKFORD SEWING MACHINE; we now offer it for the first time for only $12.85. The Rockford H is built on honor from very best materials. Has positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel and shuttle carrier, adjustable presser foot, patent dress guard, beautiful nickel trimmings, newest style handsomely carved beautifully finished solid oak five-drawer drop head cabinet. VERY LIGHT RUNNING, nearly noiseless.

AT $12.85 we furnish the ROCKFORD H complete with 1 cloth guide, 1 quilter, 2 screwdrivers, 6 bobbins, 1 package of needles, oil can and Instruction Book which makes everything so plain that even a child can operate the machine. For 75 cents extra, or $13.60, we furnish in addition to above a complete set of HIGHEST GRADE FOOT ATTACHMENTS packed in metal box, including 1 ruffler, 1 shirring plate, 1 tucker, 1 underwaider, 1 binder, 1 short foot and set of hemmers, different widths up to ½ of an inch. In ordering, say if you want these extra foot attachments at 75 cents additional.

This illustration gives you an idea of the appearance of this high grade High Arm Rockford H Sewing Machine, which we furnish at $12.85 in the handsome five-drawer, drop head oak cabinet illustrated.

WE SELL CHEAPER MACHINES. At $11.35 we furnish our high grade New Queen Sewing Machine as the superior of machines offered by others at $18.00 to $20.00, but our 1901 Rockford H is only $12.85, is the grandest sewing machine value ever attempted. Don't order a sewing machine from any other concern, no matter how attractive the offer may seem, until you get OUR FREE SEWING MACHINE CATALOGUE. We are the largest sewing machine dealers in the world and can surely save you $10.00 to $20.00 on your purchase. ORDER TODAY. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

Estab. '52 SCALES of every description. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for prices JESSE MARDEN 109 S. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

USE CERTAIN CROUP COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 $1

FREE! CATALOG OF SPORTING GOODS RAWLINGS SPORTING GOODS COMPANY, 620 Locust St., ST. LOUIS, Mo.

25 CENTS PER ROD FOR THE BEST FENCE MADE OF WIRE. P. M. MISHLER, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Burglar-proof sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

WILLS PILLS—BIGGEST OFFER EVER MADE. For only 10 Cents we will send to any P. O. address, 10 days' treatment of the best medicine on earth, and put you on the track how to make Money right at your home. Address all orders to The H. E. Wills Medicine Company, 23 Elizabeth St., Hagerstown, Md. Branch Offices: 129 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ACTIVE MAN by large Manufacturing House, $35.00 in cash paid for 12 days' trial; promotion and permanent position if satisfactory. Address G. E. P. CO., 725 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. E N U 17.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

Purity is kept up only by Constant Kicking and Constant Watching.

We have our eye on the purity of LION COFFEE. It will always be kept up! We shall kick if it isn't.

You will never need to kick if you use

Lion Coffee is absolutely pure, no glazing, no coating with egg mixtures or chemicals to hide imperfections

Lion Coffee

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Worms

CASCARETS are a sure cure for tape worms and those other pests of worms that make the lives of children and their mothers miserable. Any variety of parasites that live in the human stomach or bowels, and feed on the substance which should properly nourish the body, are dislodged by Cascarets Candy Cathartic, and expelled. One or two tablets usually drive them out, and persistent use is sure to do away with the unwelcome intruders. Many children and older people suffer from worms without knowing it, and get thin and weak, although their appetite is good. The best way to find out is to take Cascarets. Never accept a substitute!

—Brooklyn Citizen.

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."
GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Miss.

The judge began to understand, and

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Add: STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
April 25, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

NOTE.—Subscribers will please observe the date on the label of the Reporter after a remittance is made and report if it is not correct. Dates are only changed the first issue of each month. Jan01, means that your subscription is paid to last January. 01 means July, 1901.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce that M. I. Gardner, of Bellefonte borough, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce that N. B. Spangler, of Bellefonte, will be a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CHAIRMAN.

The selection of Hon. W. T. Creasy, of Columbia county, as chairman of the Democrat State committee is to be commended from all points of view. Mr. Creasy recalls such men as Wallace and Buckalew, who gave the fruits of their great abilities and experience to State affairs, and his breadth of information is backed by sound principles and a belief in honest policies. He has made a name in the State Legislature the last four years by diligence, close study of public questions and always voting and leading in the right direction. He was candidate for State treasurer in 1899, and it would have been better for the State had he been elected. As State chairman he will have the disposition and force of will to advance the standard of party organization and work. He is a Democrat in the true sense, and has no sympathy with the devious ways of factional intrigue. On the contrary he has always opposed them. Winning or losing, Chairman Creasy will give us a record of clean and honest work.

BILLS PASSED FINALLY.

The following House bills passed the Senate, and only need the Governor's signature to become laws:

Defining and punishing the crime of giving or administrating drugs, narcotics or anaesthetic agents to persons by mixing the same with any food or drink with felonious intent.

House bill amending an act regarding the employment of prisoners in jails, so that in certain cases the prison board shall be permitted to direct the work of prisoners to be done on the streets of the boroughs where the prisoner has been imprisoned.

House bill amending the act regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors so as to authorize bondsmen from any part of the county or the security, trust or security company organized under the laws of this State or any other State to execute the bonds required, and fixing the amount thereof and providing for the filing and approval thereof.

House bill encouraging the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways, and providing penalties for its violation.

Diverting unexpended taxes for the poor fund to the borough funds where collected.

Relative to cost in suits before Magistrates, etc., providing that when defendants give good bail for the payment of the claim they shall be required to pay only the costs of the appeal, and the return of the plaintiff's costs shall await the final determination of the suit.

Providing for the addition of 5 per cent. of the amount of all taxes for which seated and unseated lands are returned for non-payment of taxes, which additional tax shall go to the collector.

Authorizing the Courts to designate the Sheriff or other county official to execute deeds where the party ordered to execute them refuses or neglects to do so.

Amending the act of 1875 relating to the incorporation of banks, permitting them to hold real estate on mortgage.

Bills Introduced.

Among the bills introduced in the House was one which prohibits hotel and saloon keepers to sell or give any female intoxicants in bottles or other receptacles to be taken from the premises.

Senators Cochran and Heinle and Representatives Ikeler, Dixon and Feurth, the committee of legislators appointed to confer with Colonel Guffey regarding a ballot bill, met and discussed the merits of the several election bills which have been introduced in the Legislature. It was announced that the Democratic Senators and members will support any fair election bill, provided that the Republicans agree to the elimination of the circle from the head of the ballot, and will accept the Democratic no-assistance-to-voters without affidavit, as provided by the Guffey bill.

If troubled by a weak digestion, loss of appetite, or constipation, try a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Every box warranted. For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Penn Hall.

H. F. McManaway, from this place, accompanied by Prof. H. N. Meyer, H. K. Condo, and Thomas Buck, of Millheim, succeeded in landing sixty-seven of the speckled beauties measuring from six to fourteen inches. This is evidently one of the largest catches of the season.

Miss Della Ocker, of Madisonburg, is engaged in doing seamstress work in this vicinity.

Rev. E. H. Gearhart, of the Lutheran church, preached a very eloquent and instructive sermon to a large audience Sunday afternoon.

Miss Mary Swarm left for Bellefonte where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Belle Ott.

There is a great deal of sickness prevailing in this section at present.

Frank L. Musser wears a smile broader than Broad Street, Philadelphia, since the arrival of a new baby boy.

George Corman, of Rebersburg, was seen in town Thursday.

The remains of Frank Weaver, of Lock Haven, were interred in the Green Grove cemetery on Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Weaver was a former resident of this valley.

John Mesmer contemplates leaving for Cross Forks, where he will engage in lumbering.

John C. Crader moved into his new house last Thursday.

J. C. Condo the up-to-date coach maker, is so crowded with work that he was compelled to employ two more mechanics this spring.

I. G. Walker took the agency for the Champion binder and mower; any one contemplating purchasing a high grade binder or mower will do well in consulting Mr. Walker for prices.

D. W. Zeigler, the carpet weaver, is kept busy making rugs.

A. P. Burrell sold a horse recently to Wm. Mauck of Nittany; consideration fifty dollars.

John H. Gramley purchased a new team of horses and will engage in hauling lumber for C. P. Long.

Millheim.

C. W. Freeby and family were visitors at the home of J. P. Condo over Sunday.

Mrs. Elmer Morris and Mrs. A. Kerstetter, of Loganton, were the guests of Mrs. C. H. Morris several days last week.

Mrs. Julia Deininger went to Laurelton Tuesday to spend some time with Mrs. Calvin Weidensaul.

Farmer Keen's challenge to meet the writer on the "wassum" will be met as soon as the weather is settled. William will have to rise earlier than is his custom, in order to get the cows to pasture.

John Braim, the junk dealer, had public sale of his household goods, and will take to the road during the summer. Mr. Braim is used to camping out during the warm season.

E. H. Auman, the enterprising miller, has greatly improved his premises by erecting new fences and cleaning up generally.

E. W. Mauck, the Penn Street confectioner, painter, paper hanger, and fruit tree agent, is one of the busiest men in town just now. Mr. Mauck is a first-class mechanic, and displays excellent taste, hence, is in demand.

The grain in this section looks well, especially since the late refreshing rains. The prospects for grass are much better than people had expected. Farmers are somewhat impatient, and anxious to plant their spring crops.

Potters Mills.

Mick Miller's father and mother are visiting him at present.

Rev. Haven delivered a very able sermon to a large audience Sunday afternoon, in the Methodist church at Sprucetown.

Harvey Yarnel, of State College, is the guest of James Stover.

The sick in and about town are, Davis Evans, Mrs. James Stover, Malinda Heaton, who is staying at the home of Samuel Bitner, Mr. Breon's child, Mrs. Stonebraker, Mary Margaret Wolf, John Shunk, Joe Parker, Wm. Confer, John McClenahan.

The surprise party given in honor of Mrs. James Armstrong last Thursday evening was a grand success and a pleasant surprise; she received many handsome and useful gifts. All report having had a good supper and a fine time.

A Bride is Never Nervous at the Altar.

The humorous and unusual experiences in the life of a metropolitan clergyman are told by the Rev. David M. Steele, of New York City, who has just written about "Some People I Have Married," for the Ladies' Home Journal. Mr. Steele declares that the prospective bride is always nervous until the time for marriage ceremony, when she is calm and collected. The groom is exactly the reverse: always cool until he comes to face the clergyman, when his nerves invariably give way.

J. L. Decker, son of J. M. Decker, of near Centre Hall, was a caller at this office on a pleasant mission, that of ordering the Reporter for his brother, Frank W. Decker. Thus subscriptions come, by fathers, by brother, by mail and telephone.

Gained Thirty-three Acres a Minute.

In the 117 years since the war of the revolution ended—1783—the United States have expanded at the rate of thirty-three acres a minute; at least that is what a certain man professes to have figured out.

The original thirteen colonies comprised 558,679,360 acres. The Louisiana Purchase brought us 745,103,360 acres; the Florida cession, 45,719,680 acres; the annexation of Texas, 170,249,040 acres; the Mexican cession, 460,562,340 acres; the purchase of Alaska, 383,646,720 acres; the acquisition of Porto Rico, Tutuila, the Philippines, Guam and Hawaii, 98,492,160 acres.

Now, according to this ingenious figurer, there have been in the 117 years 61,495,200 minutes, and dividing the number of acres acquired by the number of minutes, we have a fraction more than thirty-three a minute.

At the same time our population has grown from 3,000,000 to a little more than 84,000,000, which is an increase of one and one-third a minute.

The western part of Pennsylvania suffered considerably from floods caused by the heavy rains of Friday and Saturday.

THE HOME GOLD CURE.

An Ingenious Treatment by Which Drunkards are Being Cured Daily in Spite of Themselves.

No Noxious Doses. No weakening of the nerves; a pleasant and positive cure for the liquor habit.—It is now generally known and understood that Drunkenness is a disease and not a weakness. A body filled with poison, and nerves completely shattered by periodical or constant use of intoxicating liquors, requires an antidote capable of neutralizing and eradicating this poison, and destroying the craving for intoxicants. Sufferers may now cure themselves at home without publicity or loss of time from business by this wonderful "Home Gold Cure" which has been perfected after many years of close study and treatment of inebriates. The faithful use according to directions of this wonderful discovery is positively guaranteed to cure the most obstinate case, no matter how hard a drinker. Our records show the marvelous transformation of thousands of drunkards into sober, industrious and upright men.

Wives cure your husbands!! Children cure your fathers!! This remedy is in no sense a nostrum but is a specific for this disease only, and is so skillfully devised and prepared that it is thoroughly soluble and pleasant to the taste, so that it can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it. Thousands of drunkards have cured themselves with this priceless remedy, and as many more have been cured and made temperate men by having the "cure" administered by loving friends and relatives without their knowledge in coffee or tea, and believe today that they discontinued drinking of their own free will. Do not wait. Do not be deluded by apparent and misleading "improvement." Drive out the disease at once and for all time. The "Home Gold Cure" is sold at the extremely low price of one dollar, thus placing within reach of everybody a treatment more effectual than others costing $25 to $50. Full directions accompany each package. Special advice by skilled physicians when requested without extra charge. Sent prepaid to any part of the world on receipt of one dollar. Address Dept. B734 Edwin B. Giles & Company, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia. All correspondence strictly confidential.

SEABOARD AIR LINE R. R.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is called The Capital City Line, because it enters the Capitals of the six States which it traverses, exclusive of the National Capital, through which its trains run solid from New York to Jacksonville, and Tampa Florida. It runs through Richmond, Va., Raleigh, N. C., Columbia, S. C., Atlanta, Ga., Montgomery, Ala., and Tallahassee, Fla.

This road will continue to run the famous Florida and Metropolitan Limited, and The Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail Trains affording the only through limited service daily, including Sunday, between these points.

These splendidly modern trains of the Seaboard Air Line Railway arrive at, and depart from Pennsylvania Railway Stations at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, carrying Pullman's most improved equipment, with unexcelled dinner car service, compartment, drawing-room and observation cars. It has Pullman service five times per week each way from Washington to that celebrated resort, Pinehurst, N. C.

It has the short line to and from Richmond, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and Atlanta, and the principal cities between the South and East. It is also the direct route to Athens, Augusta and Macon.

In Atlanta, direct connections are made in the Union Station for Chattanooga, Nashville and Memphis, also for New Orleans and all points in Texas, California and Mexico.

In addition, it is the only line operating through trains, and Pullman sleeping cars between Atlanta and Norfolk, where connections are made with the Old Dominion Steamship Company, from New York, the M. & M. T. Company, from Boston and Providence, the Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Company, from Washington the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, from Baltimore, and the N. Y. P. & N. Railway, from New York and Philadelphia.

Through Pullman cars also operated on quick schedules between Jacksonville and St. Louis, via Monticello, and between Jacksonville and New Orleans, in addition to through trains with Buffet Chair Cars between Savannah and Montgomery.

The local train service is first-class with most convenient schedules.

In fact the Seaboard Air Line Railway will ticket passengers for any points, affording the quickest schedules, finest trains, and most comfortable service. Its 1000 mile books sold at $25.00, are good from Washington, D. C. over the entire system of 2,600 miles including Florida.

Pastor Shultz's First Knot.

Rev. J. F. Shultz, pastor of the Centre Hall United Evangelical charge, located at this place, united in marriage at the parsonage, April 18, Willis A. Grove, Lemont, and Miss Susie Gill, of Pleasant Gap. This is the first marriage performed by Rev. Shultz since he has become pastor here.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD RATES TO

Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following special reduced rates to Buffalo, on account of the Pan-American Exposition, which opens on May 1:—

Summer excursion tickets, to be sold from April 30 to September 30, inclusive, and good to return until October 31, at rate of $20 00 from Washington, $18.00 from Baltimore, $17.00 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

Ten-day excursion tickets, to be sold, beginning May 1, and continuing every day thereafter during the Exposition, good going on regular trains and good returning within ten days, including date of sale, at rate of $16 80 from Washington, $15 00 from Baltimore, $13.50 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

Special excursion tickets, to be sold, good going only on Thursday, May 23, and good returning within seven days, including date of sale, at rate of $10.00 from Philadelphia, and proportionate rates from other points.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company now operates two through trains each way daily between Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and Buffalo.

18apr2t

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of W. S. Hettinger, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MRS. ANNABELL HETTINGER,
2apr6t Executrix, Spring Mills, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Jacob Barger, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. M. J. BARGER, Adm'r.
apr18-6t Beech, Pa.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANnual meeting of the stockholders of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 268, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa., on Monday, May 6th, 1901, at 12:30 o'clock, p. m., for the election of President and six Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
apr11-3t JAMES R. McCLURE, Secretary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Franklin Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
mar 21-6t J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. E. Meyer, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. EDWARD SELLERS, Adm'r.
mar7-6t Centre Hall, Pa.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers her house and lot located on Main street, Centre Hall, for sale. The dwelling is in first class condition, both exterior and interior, and is well located, affording a pleasant view All the necessary outbuildings, including ice house are also in good condition. The stable is large and has connected with it a large shed under which buggies, etc., may be driven. There also lies contiguous to the lot five acres of cleared and about the same amount of wood land Part of the cleared land is set with the choicest fruit trees, which are thrifty; many are in bearing. On the wood land there is a fine ice pond Taking all in all, the home is one of the most desirable in Centre Hall. The property will be sold at a very reasonable figure.
MRS. LIZZIE M. JACOBS.
4apr6t Centre Hall, Pa.

Free Ad. Column.

Baled Hay—D. L. Kerr, of Centre Hill, offers for sale choice baled Hay.

Horse for Sale—Andrew Corman, of Spring Mills, offers for sale a fine five-year-old gray horse.

Swartz's Weekly Reminder.

We offer

Chain Pumps, complete,

for 12 ft. well or cistern for $3.45.

Porcelain Lined

Wood Pumps, complete,

for 12 ft. well or cistern for $4.65.

S. M. SWARTZ,

TUSSEYVILLE.

A Testimonial from Old England.

"I consider Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the best in the world for bronchitis," says Mr. William Savory, of Warrington, England. "It has saved my wife's life, she having been a martyr to bronchitis for over six years, being most of the time confined to her bed. She is now quite well." Sold by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Swelled Creek with Beer.

Matthew Volk, proprietor of the Roopsburg brewery, failed to lift his license which would have cost him $250.00. The revenue collector summarily settled the matter by emptying the whole stock of one hundred barrels of beer into Spring Creek.

Caught a Dreadful Cold.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	65
Rye	40
Corn	45
New Oats	30
Barley	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	18
Eggs	10
Lard	8
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	68
Corn	45
Oats	30
Rye	40
Barley	48

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	40
Oats, new	25
Barley	30
New Potatoes	55
Eggs	10
Butter	16

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	12	Side	7
Butter	16	Tallow	3
Lard	8	Hides	5
Chickens	7	Apples	55
Pork	6½	Dried Apples	4½
Beef	6	Potatoes	42
Ham	12	Onion sets	5
Shoulder	8	Large Onions	60

The Cure that Cures

Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is

OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY

Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER, Centre Hall, Pa.

is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H. Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md. The book is dedicated to Rev. W. H. Groh formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
266m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.

To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j44 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST, Farmers Mill's, Pa.
AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.
I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work. Terms are moderate. Give me a trial.
mar 21-1 yr

J. S. MEYER, Penn Hall, Pa.,

breeder and shipper of

Barred and Buff Plymouth Rock, S. S. Hamburgs and S. C. and W. B. Leghorns.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Orders for eggs will be filled with fresh, fertile eggs, and from the same yards that I breed from for my own use. All eggs will be packed for shipping in light baskets, to carry any distance in safety.

PRICE OF EGGS—$1 for 15; $1.75 for 30; $2.50 for 45.

PRICE OF STOCK.—Single stock birds from $1 to $2; Pairs, $2 to $3.75; Trios, $2.75 to $4.

Send all money for stock and eggs with your order, either by Post Office or Express Money Order. Be sure to write both your name and address plainly on all orders.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect March 18, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 61. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 39 Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York 9.50 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.28 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m., (10.38 a. m. Sundays,) Baltimore 7.20 a. m., Washington 8.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.32 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations. Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.55 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9.1 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.50 a m, Harrisburg 7.55 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10.00 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a m, Washington 7.50 a m, Baltimore, 8.40 a m, Wilkesbarre 10.55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 9.25 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.05 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 67 leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.26 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.00 p m, (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington.

Train 3 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.41 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.25 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 921, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.30 p. m, Washington 3.30 p. m, Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 56
1 45	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 53	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 39
1 57	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 02	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 07	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.50 and 8.00 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.35, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.05, 6.08 p m, and 8.15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.30 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.04 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD Gen'l Pas'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	†6 30	....BELLEF'NTE....	9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42	.....Nigh.....	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	.....Zion.....	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53	....Hecla Park....	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55	.....Dunkles.....	8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	....HUBLERSB'G....	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 13	7 03	....Snydertown....	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	.....Nittany.....	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	.....Huston.....	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	.....LAMAR.....	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15	....Clintondale....	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	...Krider's S'n g..	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 42	3 32	7 24	....Mackeyville....	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	...Cedar Springs..	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	.....Salona.....	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	....MILL HALL....	†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
11 45	8 15		.....Jersey Shore.....	3 25		7 55
12 20	8 45		Arr. } Wm'PO'T { Lve	†2 50	†7	†7 21
†12 34	*11 30		Lve } Wm'PO'T { Arr.	2 30	*6	*6 55
8 29	7 09		.....PHILA.....	†8 36	*11	36
			.....Atlantic City.....			
			.....NEW YORK.....			
			(Via Tamaqua.)			
*10 40	†9 20		.....NEW YORK.....	†4 30		†9 00
			(Via Phila.)			
p. m	a. m.		Arr. Lve.	a. m.		p. m.

*Daily. †Week Days. §6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¼	8¼	2¼	STATIONS.	12	7¼	11¼	WESTWARD
PM	PM	AM	Ar, Lv.	A M	AM	PM	
6 30	1 10	8 45	.....Bellefonte.....	6 30	10 30	4 21	
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 26	
6 16	12 58	8 37	..... Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30	
6 10	12 54	8 33	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 33	
6 05	12 49	8 31	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38	
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 53	10 56	4 42	
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brialy.....	7 00	11 02	4 47	
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52	
5 50	12 35	8 18	....Scotia Crossing....	7 08	11 08	4 54	
5 36	12 26	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 17	11 20	5 03	
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 22	5 00	
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 28	11 25	5 08	
5 30	12 20	8 00	.....State College.....	7 30	11 30	5 10	

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER---SUPPLEMENT.

Vol. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., APRIL 25, 1901. NO. 16.

OUR BARGAINS STILL CONTINUE.

Our patrons have taken advantage of the cut prices in Winter Goods which we have closed out during the last few weeks. We now have our Spring Goods in and are selling them at such prices that everybody can purchase.

In Dry Goods we have a very nice line and sell them at very low prices. And remember we can sell you Overalls at prices that will surprise you. Also Shirts, as we carry a large line to select from.

The people that have looked over our Shoe stock say we have the best line they have seen this spring, so come and purchase here and be in it with the rest of our patrons in style and quality.

Do you want a nice Dress Shirt this spring? If you do then come and see our line before buying elsewhere, as we can show you the latest styles at the very lowest prices. In fine Neckwear we can also please you. Gents' Dress Hats—we have them in the latest styles.

Ladies' Wrappers, Sun Bonnets, Laces, Embroideries, Collars, Notions of all descriptions, Table and Floor Oil Cloth, and the best and choicest Groceries always on hand.

Bear in mind that we sell the Buffalo Milling Company's Flour, which is strictly high grade. Just try a 25 lb. sack and be convinced.

Poultry Netting in all widths.

☞We are right along your road—at the CENTRE HALL STATION.

J. F. SMITH.

A CLEAN SWEEP

We will sell every piece of furniture in our store at a sacrifice rather than remove it to our proposed new store room. YOUR PRICES ARE OUR PRICES if they are at all reasonable.

Smith Brothers, : Furniture Dealers, : Spring Mills, Penn'a.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. *"Leader"* and *"Repeater"* loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a.

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

Subscribe for the Reporter.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .

Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York,

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made. 13dec

Boalsburg

Prof. J. C. Bryson was to the county seat last Saturday.

Miss Glenn, of State College, was the guest of Miss Sophronia Segner over Sunday.

E. H. Williams moved into his house opposite the Lutheran church on Tuesday.

Wm. Goheen purchased the property known as the Ferrer property; from Dr. L. E. Kidder, for $750.00.

The Summer Normal school opened on Monday with twenty-six scholars, and still more to come.

Rev. A. A. Black will hold communion services Sunday morning; preparatory service Saturday afternoon.

Spring Mills.

Another fisherman added to the list; J. F. Breon purchased a fine bamboo rod, and expects to bring home some fine trout.

G. B. Haines and wife, of Rebersburg, spent a day in town and bought a fine bill of furniture from Smith Bro's.

T. B. Jamison, agent for the Likius Valley Insurance Company, made a business trip through Nittany Valley. Mr. Jamison is a hustler and represents a good company.

The trout season opened with a big catch the first day; many had their baskets filled by noon. W. H. Smith to the front.

Last Friday seven cans of trout arrived at this station from the Corry Fishery, to be distributed in the different streams.

F. W. Snyder has made a raise and drives two horses; Mr. Snyder is employed by the Witmer Lumber Company.

Prof. Gramley and wife, of Rebersburg, on their way to the county seat stopped off a day with T. M. Gramley; they also took a peep into Smith Bro's. furniture store.

Rebersburg.

The select and normal school, under the supervision of Prof. H. W. Morris is prospering, All appear to like it, and are being lifted to a higher plane of intellectual training than is generally found in a school of this kind.

Miss Winifred Wolf and Mrs. Ida Harter spent several days in Williamsport last week doing shopping.

James Corman and Charles Bierly are searching the community for horses.

D. J. Meyer and wife, of Centre Hall, spent several days in town last week, visiting friends and relatives. All were glad to see Dave.

J. W. Zeigler is improving the interior of his house by papering and painting. Al. Stover, of Aaronsburg, is doing the work.

J. C. Morris made a business trip to Bellefonte last week.

Many of the people of this place have business in Bellefonte this week.

Douty's twenty-five horse power engine and boiler came the beginning of the week; they will be ready to operate in a few days.

Mrs. J. N. Meyer and Mrs. H. H. Miller spent Sunday and Monday in Centre Hall.

Jacob Heller the plucky blacksmith, is building an addition to his shop; he intends making wagons by the wholesale, and has already sold eight or ten this spring.

Merchant W. J. Carlin has been to the city and purchased a fine lot of goods. Call to see him; he can suit you in any line.

A. N. Corman was housed up a few days the beginning of the week with neuralgia.

Della Weaver is confined to the house with sore throat.

Mrs. Reuben Kreamer is in need of some good elderly lady to live with her and take care of her.

R. D. FOREMAN. WM. F. FLORAY.

FOREMAN & FLORAY

(Successors to Geo. W. Ocker,)

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Coal, Flour, Mill Feed, Salt, Fertilizers, Farming Implements, &c.

We pay the highest cash prices the market will afford for all kinds of grain, and at the same time will offer you goods as mentioned above at the lowest possible prices consistent with the quality of goods.

We make a specialty of

FLOUR

and carry in stock the best brands to be obtained anywhere, including both winter and spring wheat varieties.

In the line of farm implements we offer only the best, including Champion Binders and Mowers, Superior Grain Drills and Bucher & Gibbs

Imperial Plows - - -

Spring Tooth Harrows and One-horse Cultivators. The Champion Binders and Mowers, as well as the Superior Drills, have an established reputation for durability, lightness of draft, ease of operation, and perfection of work. Bucher & Gibbs' Plows have been popular since 1830, as the best general purpose plow made. Shares for these plows always on hand. These shares come direct from the factory and are far superior to the home-made ones, both in fit and quality of material.

We most respectfully solicit at least a share of your patronage.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed.
Our prices are very reasonable.
Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

JULIAN A. FLEMING,

Centre Hall, Pa.,

Agent for the

Johnston Harvester Co's

full line of

Harvesting Machines.

SELF BINDERS,
MOWERS,
RAKES, ETC.

Repairing Binders a Specialty.

I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

Spring Mills, Pa.
P. V. S. STORE.

Spring Shoes in the latest styles in Russet and Patent Leather for Men, Ladies and Misses are in stock.

It will pay you to call before buying elsewhere and get our prices on shoes.

C. A. KRAPE.

CENTRE HALL
CARRIAGE & WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs. Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first-class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

J. T. LE

Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

You will find the best brands of

FLOUR

are kept by

JOHN S. AUMAN,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Pillsbury Flour and
John S. Auman Brand

are the best on the market.

BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP &
MIDDLINGS

always on hand.
Custom chopping done at all times.

I also keep Salt on hand at all times in grain bags or in burlap sacks. Also Baum's Poultry, Horse & Stock Food. A new flour of entire wheat and superior to Graham flour now in stock.

☞ Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Livery . . . .

. . . . . D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

New Spring Stock

A fine line of Men's Shoes; price, $3.50.

A nice line of Ladies' Shoes from $1.25 to $3.00.

Come and examine our line of Trunks & Men's Dress Suit Cases.

An elegant stock of Men's Shirts for summer from 50 to 75 cts.

A good line of Fancy Silks for Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT believes in arbitration in extreme cases, to adjust labor strikes. Under "pressure from the government" it is announced the employing interest at Marseilles has agreed to arbitration to meet the dangerous labor troubles in that great French port. It has averted a general labor strike proposed by the trades unions. The workingmen have accepted arbitration, and it is heped the difficulties are in a fair way of settlement.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR has clearly lost his balance because of the attack on him by a tramp tinker. In a characteristic speech to his soldiers yesterday he compared conditions in the German empire at this time with what they were in 1848, when Europe, and particularly Germany, was seething with revolution. He told his trained bands that they must crush these apprehended home disturbances as they would a foreign foe. The German press has recently been very pointed in its criticism of the emperor.

THE PROSPECTS OF APPLYING the legislative gag in the United States Senate as it has been applied in the House are not encouraging. The resolution of Senator Platt, of Connecticut, to that effect, which is merely a copy of resolutions heretofore introduced, has gone over to the next session. It is stated that since 1850 there have been 97 resolutions introduced to apply cloture in some way or other to the Senate debates. Each and every one has been discussed and has been rejected. From this it is evident that the Senate has made up its mind on the subject, and will remain a deliberative body. Even with Roosevelt as presiding officer nothing can be done.

THE NEVER-ENDING and never-accomplishing-anything industrial commission authorized by Congress a few years ago makes a sign of life by a report on taxation of corporations, in which a diversion is mildly made in favor of an income tax. It refers to the large class of citizens in receipt of big incomes who pay little or nothing in the way of taxation, and then proceeds:

While a tax upon individual incomes is generally conceded to be just and equitable in principle, it has been received with disfavor and regarded as impractical in its operation. It is apparent, however, to the careful student of Commonwealth taxation that because of its justice and increasing efficiency of State administrative methods that are being evolved the idea of a limited supplementary State income tax is growing in disfavor and coming to be more generally regarded as a practical measure under State supervision.

Why should an income tax be more impracticable in the United States than in England, where it has been in existence for fifty years? The coming year Great Britain will receive from income taxes at the rate of probably 30 cents on the pound sterling about $130,000,000. Sometimes the tax has not exceeded one-fifth this sum, but the Boer war called for its increase. The value of this principle of taxation is that it can be readily adjusted to the wants of government.

More Goods Coming!

Just received another lot of Shirt Waist Goods.

Ask to see our Ginghams at 5 1-2 cts. We sell Lancaster Ginghams at 6 cts.

A good supply of Flour, Salt, Feed and Salted Fish on hand.

The Long Store Company,

Spring Mills, Pa.

Opposite Spring Mills Hotel.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

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Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

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REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

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SATURDAY EVENING POST,
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
MY QUEEN.

Come in: the periodicals are yours to look at.

Any of these Magazines or any other Standard Periodical can be had at the News Stand, in the REPORTER OFFICE. Deliveries made to regular subscribers.

Laundry.

Having secured the agency for the Bellefonte Steam Laundry, I kindly ask the continuance of the patronage of the public. All work is guaranteed. The previous low prices will be maintained Out of town patrons can leave their Laundry at the "Reporter" office any time during the week—the door is open at all times.

☞ Laundry collected Monday and Tuesday of each week.

South Side Patrons:

Arrangements have been made with hackdriver Horner to collect and deliver all laundry handed to him in person or left at the Centre Hill, Tusseyville, Colyer or Potters Mills postoffice

TED BAILEY,
AGENT.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

April 25, 1901.

Public Sale Register.

MAY 4—At the late residence of David Shaffer, dec'd., Madisonburg; household goods carpenter tools, potatoes, corn, etc. Also a house and lot in Madisonburg, and seven acres of timber land. Sale at one o'clock.

A WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

"Something New Under the Sun."

All doctors have tried to cure Catarrh by the use of powders, acid gases, inhalers and drugs in paste form. Their powders dry up the mucous membranes causing them to crack open and bleed. The powerful acids used in the inhalers have entirely eaten away the same membranes that their makers have aimed to cure, while pastes and ointments cannot reach the disease. An old and experienced practitioner who has for many years made a close study and specialty of the treatment of Catarrh, has at last perfected a treatment which when faithfully used, not only relieves at once, but permanently cures catarrh, by removing the cause, stopping the discharges, and curing all inflammation. It is the only remedy known to science that actually reaches the affected parts. This wonderful remedy is known as "Snuffles the Guaranteed Catarrh Cure," and is sold at the extremely low price of one dollar, each package containing internal and external medicine sufficient for a full month's treatment and everything necessary to its perfect use.

"Snuffles" is the only perfect catarrh cure ever made, and is now recognized as the only safe and positive cure for that annoying and disgusting disease. It cures all inflammation quickly and permanently and is also wonderfully quick to relieve hay fever or cold in the head.

Catarrh when neglected often leads to consumption—"Snuffles" will save you if you use it at once. It is no ordinary remedy, but a complete treatment which is positively guaranteed to cure catarrh in any form or stage if used according to the directions which accompany each package. Don't delay but send for it at once, and write full particulars as to your condition, and you will receive special advice from the discoverer of this wonderful remedy regarding your case without cost to you beyond the regular price of "Snuffles" the "Guaranteed Catarrh Cure."

Sent prepaid to any address in the United States or Canada on receipt of one dollar. Address, Dept. B734, Edwin B. Giles & Company, 2330 and 2332 Market Street, Philadelphia.

The local potato market is dropping. Tubers of the finest quality are being shipped from western states. Lewistown, Bellefonte, and like centers of consumption, and sold for a shade above forty cents. Last fall potatoes sold readily at forty, forty-five and fifty cents.

The Reporter one per year.

TO APRIL.

Dear April, you're like some coquett,
Some little flirt, I ween;
For half the time your face is bright,
And then, all unforeseen,
You droop your head and pout, and shed
Tears that you do not mean.

Yes, April, you're a winsome lass,
A little flirt, I know;
You do bewitch this heart of mine
And bid me whisper low,
"You are a true coquette because
You make me love you so!"

—CHARLES HANSON TOWNE in the April Woman's Home Companion.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. Boob, of Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

Ingleby.

R. T Eisenhuth came home from Somerset county Friday to stay a few weeks with his parents.

Henry Eisenhuth Monday went to Bellefonte to have an operation performed on his eye by Dr. Stites.

Tom Keen says that unless business improves he will remove his mill.

Dr. Barker was called to Pardee on veterinary business. The doctor's services are in demand.

The Best Blood Purifier.

The blood is constantly being purified by the lungs, liver and kidneys. Keep these organs in a healthy condition and the bowels regular and you will have no need of a blood purifier. For this purpose there is nothing equal to Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, one dose of them will do you more good than a dollar bottle of the best blood purifier. Price 25 cents. Samples free at Mrs. J. W. Keller's Linden Hall, and J. F. Smith's, Centre Hall.

A False Report.

A report has been widely circulated that the undersigned is selling wall paper below cost. This statement is absurd and of course not correct, but having been actively engaged in the wall paper business for over thirty years, I flatter myself that I thoroughly understand the business and know exactly when and how to buy wall paper, which fact enables me to defy all competition, and to sell at prices lower than can be bought elsewhere. Please call, examine my stock and be convinced. GEO. W. DUNKLE,

apr11-3t Spring Mills, Pa.

The Best Remedy for Rheumatism.

QUICK RELIEF FROM PAIN.

All who use Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism are delighted with the quick relief from pain which it affords. When speaking of this Mr. D. N. Sinks, of Troy, Ohio, says: "Some time ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism in my arm and shoulder. I tried numerous remedies but got no relief until I was recommended by Messrs. Geo. F. Parsons & Co., druggists of this place, to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. They recommended it so highly that I bought a bottle. I was soon relieved of all pain. I have since recommended this liniment to many of my friends, who agree with me that it is the best remedy for muscular rheumatism in the market." For sale by Mrs. J. W. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Normal Music School

The Centre Hall Normal Music School will open its spring sessions April 29, and continue for six weeks. For further information write to C. E Zeigler, Director, Penn Hall, Pa.

5¢ WILL BUY A PATHFINDER CIGAR

SOLD UNDER THOMAS J. HUNT NOTARY PUBLIC PHILADELPHIA, PA. BOND AND GUARANTEE

ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE

W. K. GRESH & SONS, MAKERS

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Here we are again with a full line of Spring goods. A full line of

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES, LAWNS

AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

In fact we have everything you can usually find in a country store.

We also sell Scull's Golden Blend Coffee at 2 lbs. for 25 cents.

H. F. ROSSMAN,

Spring Mills, . . . Pa

CHAMBERSBURG BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Memorial Square, National Bank Building.

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BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, RAPID CALCULATION, STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, GRAMMAR and CORRESPONDENCE, COMMERCIAL LAW, ORTHOGRAPHY & PENMANSHIP.

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An Actual Business Practice, a Complete Banking System and a Universal Dictation Course are being added to our already thorough courses.

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Students can enter at any time.
Day and night sessions.
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Rates and supplies lower than other schools of this kind.
Anyone contemplating taking any course given by us will do well to address,

E. S. KIPKA, Principal,
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that was ever brought to town. Also a large stock of

Wall Paper,
Window Shades,
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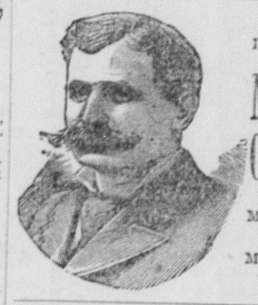
Rollers, &c., &c.,

and it is going out by wagon and by railroad. It is impossible to enumerate what we have in stock. It will show for itself. This is why it goes so fast. The price is down at the foot of it all. Before buying elsewhere give me a call.

J. S. DAUBERMAN,

CENTRE HALL.



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DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores. Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents.

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Receives Deposits,
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HOTELS.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL, J. W. Runkle, Manager.
Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Central for fishing and hunting. may697

OLD FORT HOTEL,
S. B. SHAFFER, Proprietor.
Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished
Best Liquors. Fine Stabling.

HOTEL HAAG,
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Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.
Rates $1.00 per day.
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BUSH HOUSE, W. L. Daggett, Proprietor, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Special attention given to country trade. apr90

NEW GARMAN HOUSE, Opposite Court House, BELLEFONTE, PA.
New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

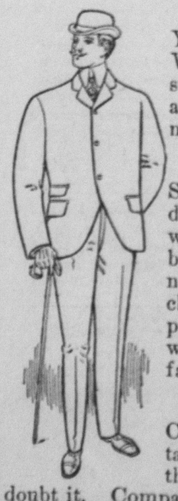
SPRING MILLS HOTEL, Edwin Ruhl, Proprietor, SPRING MILLS, PA.
First-class accommodations at all times for man or beast.
Free bus to and from all trains.
Excellent livery attached.

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.

CLOTHING BUYERS!

Again your attention is called to the many advantages in buying from us---so many that you can't afford to buy elsewhere. We mark our goods in plain figures; you do not pay several prices for an article. We do not misrepresent anything. Everything as represented or money is yours for the asking.

Our history is brief. We gained one of the largest clothing business in Centre county by "Fairness and Squareness" and by selling good reliable clothing at saving prices.



AT $5.00—A pretty assortment of Men's and Youths' Suits in popular colors and material. Well made—in fact better than most $7.50 suits sold at other stores. Nearly every suit all wool, a few not all wool but of the same material some merchants call all wool.

AT $7.50—A stylish line of Men's & Youths' Suits, including thirty different patterns and designs. Not a single suit but what is all wool. Every new effect—green, blue, brown, blue and black cassimeres, worsted and flannels, with almost invisible stripes and overchecks. Some coats military cut, having high padded shoulders, following body close at waist, and cuffs on sleeves—the latest fad of fashion.

AT $10.00—The largest and best line in Centre county. 168 different styles. Certainly you would expect us to say they were the best. We would rather that you would doubt it. Compare the quality, make, lining and fit with other suits at this price, then you will be convinced of the vast difference. All nobby new goods in the latest colors—green, olive, blue, stone, brown, gray and black in cassimeres, worsteds, cheviots, viennas, thibets, serges and plaids. Coats single and double breasted sacks—a few cutaways—vests 6 and 7 button single breasted, pants with belt if desired. A line of slim and stout suits at this price.

AT $12.50—Well tailored Men's and Youths' Suits, the kind you pay $18 or $20 for at the merchant tailors, in any sort of goods—Scotches, worsteds, corkscrews, unfinished worsteds or flannels, in shades of olive, green, gray, brown, blue and black. Some are plain, others with fine stripes and overchecks.

Boys' Clothing.

Boys' two piece suits of flannel, cheviots and worsteds in all popular colors. Sizes 7 to 16. An exceptionally good suit, all wool, at - - - **$2.50**

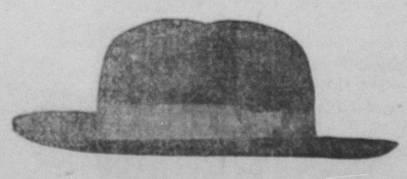
Boys' Vestee Suits, sizes 2½ to 9. Vests fancy or plain, single or double breasted with removable shield; neatly trimmed and every suit all wool. These are those man suits which are being worn so much. Prices, - - - **$2.50**

Boys' Russian Blouse Suits, sizes 2½ to 9, in tan, brown, gray, blue and black serges, cheviots and striped flannels; collars either sailor with removable shield or buttoning at neck with standing collar. Handsomely and serviceably trimmed with soutache braid. Some pretty ones at $2, but a can't be beat line at - - **$3.00**

Boys' Sailor Blouse Suits, sizes 2½ to 10, in fancy and plain colors of flannels, serges and cheviots in gray, blue, tan, brown and red. Some trimmed in dark colors, others of a brighter appearance. These suits are bound to take the lead this coming fall. You can't go wrong in buying one. Upwards from - - - - - **$3.50**

No boys' clothing in Centre county made as good as ours—every seam doubly sewed with silk; pants either lined throughout or having double knees and seats. Not a small patch for a double seat but the same material of suit extending from seam to seam. We always strive to please the boys, for the boys make the men, and when they are men we want to sell them clothes. Bring us the growing boy who is hard to fit; we are prepared for him, as we have suits to fit him.

HATS.



We have the largest Hat Department in Bellefonte. A suitable width of brim, a suitable height of crown, a suitable shape, a suitable color, in fact everything to please a man. Large variety and newness of goods has brought this department to the top notch. A new line of Soft Hats, including some entirely new shapes have just arrived. The square top "Grand Duke" derby can be found here.

Those who are looking for "the cheapest thing out" will have to look elsewhere, but if you want the most stylish, best fitting, best made and lined clothing at money saving prices we can interest you. See others, then see us.

SIM, THE CLOTHIER,

Money Saver for the People,

Reynold's Bank Building, - Allegheny St., - BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

FOUR PERISHED IN A HOTEL FIRE.

Many of the Guests Have Thrilling Escapes.

A STOVE STARTED THE FIRE.

The Building Was of Wood, and Burned So Rapidly That the Inmates Had to Hustle to Get Out--In Less Than an Hour It Was a Mass of Ruins, and Four Were Buried in the Debris.

St. Mary's, W. Va. (Special).—Four lives were lost in a disaster here Monday. The Commercial Hotel, one of the largest in the town, was burned to the ground and in its ashes lay the bones of four persons.

The fire occurred at 2 o'clock a. m. It is supposed to have started in the kitchen or dining room. It spread with frightful rapidity. The 40 guests in the house were thrown into a panic and literally fought their way out of the hotel, which was a seething furnace by the time those on the second and third floors were awakened.

The entire town turned out to render all possible help. Men and women smashed glass with their hands, and one man was covered with wounds about the arms and face. Several others were burned slightly or wounded. Two or three men leaped from the third story of the building, and one, Wilson Minear, had a leg and shoulder dislocated in a fall to the pavement.

Owing to the fact that the two main entrances were cut off by the flames the frenzy of the penned-up people was intensified.

The four whose lives were lost slept in one corner of the hotel far from a means of egress. Their bodies were beyond recognition.

After the flames grew in intensity several barrels of whisky in the bar room beneath the hotel exploded and awakened the guests, else many more might have perished. The burning alcohol, though, made the work of rescue more difficult. The hotel was totally destroyed. None of the guests succeeded in saving their clothing.

BANK OFFICIALS DIE TOGETHER.

Charles Brown and E. L. Canby, of the First National Bank of Vancouver.

Vancouver, Wash. (Special).—Charles Brown and E. L. Canby, president and cashier, respectively, of the First National Bank of Vancouver, which was closed Saturday by the Comptroller of the Currency, committed suicide two miles from this city by shooting themselves with revolvers. Their bodies were found lying together in a small clump of bushes. Both used the same weapon, and Canby evidently died first, as the revolver was found in Brown's hand. Each put the muzzle of the revolver in his mouth and blew the top of his head off.

The fact that Brown's bicycle and an umbrella of Canby were found a short distance out of town led to the belief that they had taken their lives. A searching party started out and after several hours' search the bodies were found.

Two Badly Hurt at a Brooklyn Fire.

New York (Special).—A fire on Walton street, in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, caused an estimated loss of about $50,000. The heaviest losers are the North American Iron Works, $25,000, and the owner of the building, $12,000. Felix Barenholz jumped from a window and fractured his skull. John O'Brien, a fireman, fell through an open hatchway and fractured his skull. These men, it is thought, cannot recover.

Many Hurt in Collision.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Special.)—By a collision between a workman's train on the Long Branch division of the Central Railway of New Jersey and a commuter's train a score of persons were more or less injured, but no one was fatally hurt. The most seriously injured were John Linter, a laborer in the Standard Oil works, and Wm. Ratt, an apprentice in the Wheeler Car works. Both of these men were badly cut and bruised about the head and body.

Fruit Injured in the South.

Atlanta, Ga. (Special).—A special dispatch from Gainesville, Ga., to the Constitution says: "Fruit is believed to be injured in this section by the cold of the past few days. Many of the pear, peach and plum trees have been partially stripped by the strong winds and the ground is covered with buds and blossoms. Snow fell here Monday. The mountain tops north of Gainesville are white with snow—an unusual sight in April."

Pennsylvania Farmer Drowned.

Carlisle, Pa. (Special).—John Stone, a prominent farmer of the lower end of Cumberland county, was drowned in the Fairview dam. While crossing the creek the boat capsized, throwing Mr. Stone and his hired man in the water. Mr. Stone wore an overcoat and hip boots and was unable to reach shore. The hired man escaped. The body was found two hours later.

Jealousy Causes a Double Tragedy.

Milton, Cal. (Special).—John H. Gorham, foreman of a copper mine, shot and instantly killed George B. McCarthy, a prominent young man of Copperopolis, and then blew himself to pieces with giant powder. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause.

8,000 Chinese in the Field.

Shanghai (By Cable).—Native reports say that General Feng Tse Tsai, commanding in the province of Yunnan, with 6,000 infantry and 2,000 cavalry, well armed and disciplined passed through Chengtu lately, bound for Hsian.

Serious Railroad Wreck.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—A fatal head-on collision occurred on the Plymouth branch of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad at Tyrol Station, near Conshohocken. John Fallows, engineer of a westbound passenger train, which ran into an eastbound freight train, was instantly killed, and his fireman, Grant Eisle, was seriously injured. The locomotives of both trains were wrecked and many of the cars were damaged. Several passengers were shaken up and bruised, but none was seriously injured.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

The purchase of the Eagle Fire Insurance Company in New York by Vice-President Evans, of the Continental, is regarded as the first step in the formation of an insurance combine.

The arrangements made for President McKinley's Western trip will save him from the strains on his physical endurance and patience to which he was subjected on previous trips.

Cornelius Van Ness, the Newburg (N. Y.) millionaire, and his young wife agreed to give to his nieces $375,000, and they withdrew their suit, which had tied up his estate.

William Schellheimer died in Fredonia, Pa., from injuries received in a railroad accident, Christian Scientists having been called in to attend him instead of surgeons.

John Henry Vaden was arrested in Christianburg, Va., on the charge of poisoning his wife. The doctors are not sure whether she was dead or alive when buried.

Dr. S. O. Burdatts extracted two teeth from the jaw of Charles Morris, in Wheeling, while the latter was hypnotized, without his knowledge.

It is feared that the secret of canning crabmeat died with James McMenamin, of Hampton, Va., who died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital.

Jose Antonio Monangas, secretary of the Venezuelan consulate in New York, was recalled to prevent his marrying a Brooklyin girl.

The grand jury at Buena Vista, Va., has found several indictments against persons accused of making moonshine whiskey.

John Leckrone, a retired farmer, living alone near Orrstown, Pa., was found dead in his house with neck broken.

George F. Stoner was killed in Philadelphia, and his daughter of 19 is held, pending an investigation.

Two decisions made by the Circuit Court in New York upon the tariff law will add $800,000 annually to the customs receipts of the government.

'Longshoremen's Unions Nos. 71 and 198, of Newport News, Va., received notice that their strike had been sanctioned by headquarters.

Capt. R. S. Parks was nominated at Luray, Va., to represent Page and Rappahannock counties in the Constitutional Convention.

Four graduates of Union Seminary were denied admission to the ministry because their views were held to be unorthodox.

Negotiations are in progress for a combine of makers of steamer engines and for manufacturers of mining machinery.

W. S. Yeatman, a disbursing clerk in the Treasury Department, died suddenly at a hotel in York, Pa.

The Reynolds band of feudists, intrenched at Boones Fork, Ky., was finally induced to surrender.

The chair factory of James O. Clone, at Madison Court House, Va., was destroyed by fire.

Ex-Gov. Charles C. Stockley, of Delaware, died at his home in Georgetown.

Lizzie Dodson, the woman burglar, who escaped from the Virginia Penitentiary, was recaptured in Fairfax county after a fight with Deputy Constable Pierpont.

Dan Murphy, the Richmond (Va.) newsboy who had been missing for some time, was found dying from wounds at the Tredegar Works.

Rev. Wayland F. Dunaway was elected to represent Lancaster and Richmond counties in the Virginia Constitutional Convention.

Foreign.

A reported temporary estrangement between the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough appears to have been smoothed over by W. K. Vanderbilt, the wife's father, in Paris, and the Duke and Duchess have returned together to London.

The National Society of Fine Arts, the "New Salon," was opened in Paris. The most remarkable picture exhibited is by Jean Beraud, entitled "Jesus Tied to a Column."

Major Browning was killed and several of the Indian Imperial Service troops wounded in a fight with Chinese Boxers and robbers near Fu Ning.

Lord Kichener reports that since April 18 the British have taken 81 prisoners, together with quanaities of ammunition, horses, cattle and wagons.

It is reported that the Korean government has decided to borrow from France 5,000,000 yen for the purpose of constructing a railroad.

Minister Wu has submitted to his government a memorial embracing a general scheme to bring China up to date.

The Bulgarian pope, Parthenius, was murdered April 2, supposedly by members of the Macedonian Committee.

Natives in New Guinea murdered two missionaries.

The cup challenger Shamrock II. was launched with interesting ceremonies at Dumbarton, Sir Thomas Lipton and all expressing confidence that the yacht would lift the America's cup.

Prince Hohenlohe says that Field Marshal von Waldersee, more than Count von Buelow, advised the Emperor to take an uncompromising attitude toward China.

The Dutch troops at Blangpedir, on the west coast of Achin, routed 500 natives who were trying to surround the place.

M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, started for St. Petersburg.

Admiral Canevaro, of Italy, formerly Italian minister of foreign affairs, says the future of civilization will require European nations to unite against America, Africa and Asia. The London Spectator says this view corresponds with that of the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister.

The Chinese government has ordered the Chinese troops at Huailu to remove outside the Great Wall. The Franco-German expedition has, accordingly, been abandoned. France will shortly withdraw 10,000 troops.

Financial.

It is said London is largely short of St. Paul.

The Treasury has paid out about $7,000,000 in bond purchases.

Chicago and Eastern Illinois shares rose nearly 10 points on Saturday.

It is said $65,000 has been bid for seats on the New York Stock Exchange.

There has been concentrated buying of Ontario and Western for some time.

The new Stock Exchange building in New York will be 10 stories high and will cost $1,000,000.

THE WAR RENEWED AGAIN IN MANCHURIA.

Russian Forces Storm Kule, With Slight Losses.

CHINESE FORCE AGGREGATES 27,000.

Thirteen Men Killed and Four Officers and Eighteen Men Wounded--Russian Forces Advancing Upon Turchausen, Where There Are Massed 12,000 Chinese, Under the "Boxer" General Lutanse.

London (By Cable).—According to a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Mail, official information has been received that renewed military activity is beginning in Manchuria. Chinese troops are strongly intrenched at three points around Mukden. They are armed with good Mauser rifles and have thirty Krupp guns.

To the eastward of Mukden, near Turchausen there are 12,000 men under the Chief Boxer General Lutanse. To the northwest, near Kulo, there are 6000 Chinese under the former governor of Mukden. To the eastward, in Mongolia and near the Inshan Mountain, there are 9000 more under the Chinese General Schu.

Admiral Alexieff has accordingly organized an expedition under General Zerpinsky, consisting of two regiments and five sotnias of Cossacks, 16 guns and a body of volunteers to operate against the three points mentioned. The first movemnt was successfully carried out in the beginning of April. Kulo, which is 250 kilometres from Mukden, was stormed and the ex-governor of Mukden was taken prisoner. In this action the Russians had 13 men killed and 4 officers and 18 men wounded. The advance towards the Turchausen position was then begun.

AGED HUSBAND A MURDERER.

Holds His Wife and Fires Four Bullets Into Her Body.

Jackson, Mich. (Special).—David H. Creech, a capitalist, aged 70 years, and for 50 years a resident of this city, shot his wife on the street, firing four bullets into her head, neck and mouth while he held her fast with his left arm about the waist.

Mrs. Creech was 40 years of age and was married to Creech 12 years ago. Previously she had been his housekeeper.

Three years ago Mrs. Creech began divorce proceedings, and after several futile attempts to live with her husband she was granted a divorce. Tuesday the Supreme Court affirmed the divorce, and the shooting was the result.

Mr. Creech was arrested, and a second loaded revolver was found on his person. He said he intended to kill himself.

Boers Ambush British.

London (By Cable).—Lord Kitchener reports a British disaster. In a dispatch from Pretoria he says: "I regret to report that a party of the Ninth Lancers were ambushed by the enemy, and Lieutenant McDonald and three men were killed and five wounded."

A PHYSICIAN'S BIG BILL.

He Calls It the Utterance of a Man Who Has Yielded to Force.

Pittsburg (Special).—The Dispatch says the estate of the late State Senator Christopher L. Magee has received a bill from Dr. Walter C. Browning, of Philadelphia, for $190,000 professional services during the illness of Senator Magee. Dr. Browning was in attendance on Senator Magee for 21 months previous to his death, and accompanied him to several places for the recovery of his health. The fee is believed to be one of the largest of its kind ever charged in Pennsylvania or the United States, and has produced widespread comment in professional circles. The bill is understood to be itemized, covers 21 months' treatment, and is charged at the rate of $80 per treatment hour. One charge is $17,000 for last summer's treatment at Atlantic City and another $12,000 for accompanying the deceased to Hot Springs, Va.

FAITH CURISTS BARRED.

An Atlanta Court Refuses to Allow Them to Practice There.

Atlanta, Ga. (Special).—Judge Lumpkin, of the Superior Court, denied the application for a charter for "the Atlanta Institute of Christian Science," the effect of his decision being that Christian Scientists cannot practice their treatment of diseases in the State of Georgia without having regularly graduated in medicine or passed an examination before the Medical Examining Board, the same as other physicians.

Judge Lumpkin holds that, according to the decision of a case in the Supreme Court of Nebraska, Christian Science is the practice of medicine, and he further holds that the practice of medicine in Georgia, according to the State law, must be accomplished by persons who are regularly graduated from a medical school.

MANY FILIPINOS BURIED ALIVE.

Priest Prominent in Society That Inaugurated Reign of Terror.

Manila (By Cable).—The trial of the members of the Mando-Ducat secret society, who are charged with burying alive Filipinos who were opposed to the insurrection, and the trial of insurgent agents has elicited the fact that in one locality all the local officers, the parish priest and the president were the chief offenders.

A reign of terror was secretly inaugurated, and persons refusing to contribute to the insurgent cause were buried alive by the direction of the president.

All the details of the conspiracy have been unearthed, many arrests have been made, there is abundant evidence and it is probable that all the ring-leaders will be hanged.

Three Persons Burned.

Seneca Falls, N. Y. (Special).—An old house, the property of Cornelius Holland, supposed to be empty, was discovered in flames. The house was destroyed. In the ruins were found the charred bodies of Patrick Harmon, Alonzo Sanders and Charles Mink. The ruins are being searched for other bodies.

BIG RAIN AND SNOW STORM CAUSES WIDESPREAD RUIN.

It Sweeps From Cleveland, O., on the North to Atlanta, Ga., on the South--The Heaviest Damage Done in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia.

Pittsburg (Special).—The flood is over. Notwithstading the fact that in the early day there was every evidence of a renewal of the high water, the announcement can be made authoritatively that there is not the least danger of another rise at this point nor above for the persent, but towns on the Ohio river below here are not yet out of danger because of rains in the valley.

Conservative estimates of the total loss in this district is between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000.

Fifty thousand workers are suffering from enforced idleness.

While there have been greater floods at this point, there was never one that caused so much financial loss and discomfort. This was due to the denser population caused by the recent rapid growth of the two cities, and to the fact that all the manufacturing plants on the river banks were in active operation, most of them working night and day, until the rising water put out the fires and drove the workers to higher ground.

The damage to the furniture and buildings in Allegheny is estimated at about $100,000. It will take two months of hot summer weather to thoroughly dry out these houses. In Pittsburg the loss to residences, stores and goods and the cost of cleaning up will amount to about $250,000.

At Carnegie borough, six miles from Pittsburg, the loss is estimated at $40,000, of which the Columbia Bridge Works lose $5000. The other losses range from $75 to $900. The Westinghouse Electric Company had two carloads of finished material for Toronto, Canada, on the tracks near Turtle Creek. They were caught in the flood, and water got into the cars. The loss may reach $80,000.

Wheeling, W. Va. (Special).—The flood reached its highest stage—41 feet 8 inches—at an early hour Monday morning, and has now begun to fall. All day a large portion of the city was under water and was totally isolated from the world, not a train running in or out of the city.

The Ohio River and Wheeling and Lake Eeria roads suffered severe damage from the water, and it will take several weeks to get them in good shape again. Nearly all industrial establishments were compelled to shut down.

Trains Stalled in Snowdrift.

Erie, Pa. (Special).—The snowstorm of Friday night and Saturday and the sleetstorm of Saturday was the worst known here in 60 years, and surpassed the famous blizzard of March, 1888. There is 12 inches of snow on the level, and during Saturday nearly every trolley line in the city was knocked out. Sunday traffic was resumed irregularly. Wires were down and crossed and telephone companies blocked. Saturday night there were two fires from crossed telephone wires carrying heavy currents into the buildings. Reports from outside the city—west, east and south—show snow three feet deep and great damage to fruit trees from the wet snow.

Ice-Crusted Trains.

New York (Special).—Owing to the heavy storm raging in the West all traffic east of Cleveland has been delayed from 2 to 7 hours. The Grand Central Depot presented a strange appearance as the belated Western trains lumbered in several hours late, with their roofs and steps encrusted with snow and ice. Friends of the long-overdue passengers hung around the depot all day, and rushed to meet the weary passengers every time a train came in.

Dam Bursts in Massachusetts.

Chester, Mass. (Special).—The Flood Hollow Dam, in Middlefield, gave way, letting loose the water in the big reservoir, which rushed with terrific force into the west branch of the Westfield River, sweeping everything before it, and submerging the greater part of this town. No lives were lost, but great damage has been done, the extent of which it is imposible now to estimate.

Wind's Terrific Force.

Chicago (Special).—A high wind, which reached Chicago Saturday, loosened a huge iron water tank from its fastenings on the roof of the Galbraith Building, Madison and Franklin streets, causing it to crush through six floors to the ground, injuring five persons and resulting in a damage to the building estimated at $50,000.

Killed His Wife and Himself.

Chicago (Special).—J. J. Gillen, an attorney, 25 years old, killed his wife and then fatally shot himself in a hallway at 177 East Lake street. The couple were married only a few months, and soon separated. Shortly after Mrs. Gillen left her husband the latter accused his wife's relatives of drugging her and keeping her as a prisoner. He was arrested for threatening to kill. Mrs. Gillen was the daughter of Cornelius McGuire, a wealthy manufacturer of this city.

A Shipbuilding Combine.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Special).—Calvin B. Orcutt, president of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, who is at his home in Elizabeth, said he had no definite knowledge that a shipbuilding combination would be affected during the coming week. Negotiations, he declared, had been in progress for several months, but for some reason had not culminated in anything tangible. They were still being continued, but he was not aware of the fact that the project had been consummated.

BIG EXPOSITION BUILDINGS GOING UP.

Workmen Are Busy on Charleston's Show Grounds.

FEATURES OF THE ARCHITECTURE.

The "Great Court of Palaces" Is to Surround Sunken Garden--Spanish Renaissance and Colonial Types--The Administration Building, Which Stands at the Entrance of the Grounds, is of Most Attractive Design.

Charleston, S. C. (Special).—Good progress is being made in the construction of the handsome series of buildings of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian Exposition, which will be held in Charleston from December 1, 1901, to June 1, 1902.

The architect of the Exposition is Mr. Bradford L. Gilbert, of New York city. The Exposition grounds are beautifully adapted to the purpose for which they will be used and are situated on the east bank of the Ashley river, about one and one-half miles from the business center of the city of Charleston. The grounds are divided into two main sections, one consisting of the old Washington race course property and the other of the Wagner farm. The architect has adopted the general plan of developing the race course on purely constructive lines and of preserving so far as possible the natural beauties of the Wagner place. For this reason the two sections are known as the Natural Park and the Art Park.

In the latter will stand the great Court of Palaces, consisting of the cotton, commerce and agricultural palaces, connected by colonnades and partly surrounding the sunken garden, with its lake. Avenues of palmettoes have already been planted in this park and the flower beds fashioned. Pergolas with sheltering vines and an old sun dial will also lend attraction to this part of the grounds. Here, too, will stand the auditorium, capable of seating 3500 people.

The Administration Building stands just at the dividing line ofthe two parks, and opposite will be the Mining and Forestry Building.

In the Natural Park, which is already adorned with groves of century-old oaks and with a natural lake, will stand the Avenue of States and Cities, in which about twenty States have already signified their intention to be represented.

UNITED STATES NOW PROSPEROUS.

Exports Reach a Total Unheard in Nation's History.

Washington (Special).—The fiscal year 1901 seems likely to exceed any preceding year in its record of exports from the United States.

The March import and export figures, just completed by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, show a total exportation from this country in the nine months ended March, 1901, of $1,140,170,728, or $86,540,032 in excess of last year, which held the highest record in the history of our export trade.

The figures for the nine months show a decrease of $42,292,639 in the imports as compared with those in the corresponding months of the preceding year. Thus the excess of exports over imports in this period is more than $100,000,000 greater than in the corresponding months of last year and far beyond the figures of any preceding year.

SHORTAGE OF $81,000.

First National Bank of Vancouver, Wash., Closed by Comptroller.

Washington (Special).—The doors of the First National Bank, Vancouver, Wash., were closed Saturday under instructions from the comptroller of the currency upon recommendation of National Bank Examiner J. W. Maxwell and a report from him that during the course of his examination of the bank he had discovered a shortage of about $81,000. Examiner Maxwell has been placed in charge as temporary receiver.

The following is a statement of the condition of the bank as shown by its last sworn report to the comptroller of the currency, under date of February 5, 1901: Capital stock, $50,000; surplus and undivided profits, $9874; circulation, $12,500; deposits $230,973; total liabilities, $303,348; total resources, $303,348.

Bank Official Accused.

Pittsburg (Special).—A. J. Schroth, a bookkeeper in the First National Bank of Birmingham, this city, has been arrested by United States Marshal Leonard charged with the embezzlement of $35,000 of the bank's funds. He was released later on furnishing bail in the sum of $10,000. The defalcation was discovered by National Bank Examiner Slack, who found a number of false entries in the books. Mr. Slack says the bank is in excellent condition and will not be affected.

Wireless Telegraph Company.

Pierre, S. D. (Special).—Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Universal Wireless Telegraph Company with a capital of $20,000,000. The incorporators are James N. Huston, Thomas E. Bishop and L. C. Smith. James N. Huston was United States Treasurer during the first two years of President Harrison's administration. He was formerly an Indiana banker, but for several years has been a resident of New York.

Cephas Overs Hanged.

Frederick, Md. (Special).—Chas. H. Overs, alias "Cephas" Overs, the colored murderer of Charles McDonald, a young white man, was hanged in the jail yard in this city, the drop falling a few minutes after 12 o'clock. The execution was witnessed by about 150 spectators, nearly all of whom had been given tickets of admission or summoned as deputies by Sheriff Troxell. All details and plans were carried out without the slightest hitch.

Four Children Murdered.

Chartres, France (By Cable).—This town has been horrified by the brutal murder of five children and the attempted murder of their father, a farmer, named Briere, residing in the neighborhood of Chartres. Two tramps entered the farmhouse in the absence of Briere, killed four girls, aged respectively 14, 11, 5 and 4, and a boy 7 years old, with knives and cudgels while they were in bed and apparently asleep. Briere returned while the murderers were robbing the house.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Pensions--Postmasters.

The following pensions were granted:

Maryland.—Increase—Saml. Spriggs, Odenton, $12. Original widows—Mary E. Stottlemeyer, Hancock, $8. Mexican war—Ellen Garrett, Baltimore, $8.

Virginia.—Increase—Henry Ford, Stevens City, $12. War with Spain, original—Thomas J. Jordan, Norfolk, $27. War with Spain—Susan E. Hardwick, mother, Blacksburg, $12.

West Virginia.—Additional—Joseph Gardner, Raven Rock, $12. Renewal—William J. Shreve, Lowman, $12. Increase—James O. Ellis, Huntington, $8

Postmasters appointed:

Maryland—John Anderson, vice W. C. Henderson, resigned, Appleton, Cecil county; W. W. Reynolds, vice Dixon Connelly, Jr., resigned, Manor, Baltimore county.

Virginia—J. D. Rorden, vice W. C Bowman, resigned, Toms Brooks, Shenandoah county.

Has Completed His Work.

Mr. John A. Kasson has severed his official connection with the State Department, where he has been since the beginning of McKinley's administration, engaged as special plenipotentiary to conduct the negotiations which resulted in the drafting of a number of reciprocity treaties and arrangements under the terms of the Dingley Act. Although thus severing his official connection Mr. Kasson holds himself ready to respond to any call of the department for the special information of which he is possessed. Meanwhile the bureau in the State Department which he organized will continue in existence, so that the highly trained expert force may be of service at short notice whenever the Secretary of State decides to resume reciprocity negotiations.

Exchange of Crop Reports.

The Department of Agriculture has under way negotiations for an exchange of cable crop reports with European and other grain raising countries. The arrangement with Hungary has already been completed, and the first bulletin respecting crop conditions in that country will be issued May 10. The reports are to be exchanged monthly, and as soon as received in this country will be given to the public. The proposed system will give official government reports, and it is expected to have a steadying effect on the market and to be of value to farmers in deciding upon the planting and marketing of their crops. The grains to be covered by the reports are wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye.

Appointed by the President.

The President just made the following appointments:

Interior — Edward B. Moore, of Michigan, to be Assistant Commissioner of Patents.

Navy—Charles O'Neil, to be Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, with the rank of rear admiral, and Luther S. Van Wedekind, to be a surgeon, with the rank of lieutenant.

State—John Barrett, of Oregon, to be a delegate on the part of the United States to the International Conference of American States, to be held at the City of Mexico.

Panama Canal Route.

Secretary Hay has given Dr. Carlos Martinez Silva, the Colombian Minister, to understand that he cannot negotiate a treaty with him for the acquisition by the United States of the Panama canal until Congress determines upon the route. Not even a preliminary agreement, such as was signed with Nicaragua and Costa Rica, will be negotiated.

Nearly 1,000,000 Pensioners.

Commissioner Evans is authority for the statement that there are more pensioners on the roll to-day than ever before. They number 995,096, an excess of about 1500 over the next previous highest number.

Yellow Jack at Port Royal.

Consul Watts, at Kingston, Jamaica, reports the appearance of several cases of yellow fever at Port Royal. The white troops stationed there have been ordered to the hills.

Capital News in General.

The President appointed Thomas M. Anderson to be associate justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and Ashley M. Gould to be United States attorney for the District of Columbia.

Solicitor General Richards filed in the United States Supreme Court a reply to the petition filed by Captain Carter's counsel, which asked that the Solicitor General's brief be struck from the files.

The commision of the Marine Hospital Service reported that they were convinced that there were cases of the bubonic plague among the Chinese in San Francisco.

Joseph G. Taylor, secretary of the Standard Rope and Twine Company, testified before the Industrial Commission that not a single manufacturer of rope or twine has made money during the past 12 months.

Henry White, secretary of the United States Embassy at London, was introduced to President McKinley by Secretary Hay.

The Navy Department was advised of Commander Charles O. Allibone, commander of the gunboat Wilmington, at Cavite.

Reports to the Marine Hospital service show a steady increase in the ravages of the plague throughout the world.

Gen. John C. Gilmore, colonel in the Adjutant-General's Department, was retired on account of age.

Ambassador Cambon has purchased a site on which the French government will erect an embassy.

Plans have been arranged to be presented to Congress for an extension of the Capitol.

Our New Possessions.

Aguinaldo, in an interview with the Associated Press correspondent in Manila, declared that he was urging in the strongest possible manner all insurgents to surrender and swear allegiance to the United States. He admitted that during the last seven months he had been unable to communicate with the various chiefs of the insurgents, who had been acting independently.

Aguinaldo has been removed from the Malcanang Palace in Manila to a private residence, and the guard over him has been modified.

PEDDLE SUNLIGHT IF YOU CAN.

Though you deal in liquid blacking,
Dismal bluing and such things,
When you have a sale to manage,
Do it as the robin sings.
Put shome cheer-up in your business—
Be a chipper sort of man,
And, with other lines of notions,
Peddle sunshine if you can.

There's an awful deal of meanness
In this busy world of ours;
But, mixed in with weeds the rankest,
Ofttimes grow the finest flowers.
Wear a posy on your lapel—
It won't hurt the trade you plan,
And, along with other samples,
Peddle sunshine if you can.

The Hand of Fate

Anton Stradeski sat at the table with his chin resting upon his hand, lost in thought. He was wondering why he had not heard again from the society, for he well knew what his disobedience of their commands would cost him—probably his life. Presently, a little boy clambered down from his high chair and toddled round the corner of the table towards him.

"Will Unkie please tate off my naptin?"

Anton turned and mechanically untied the serviette from the child's neck; then, as the little one put up his face for the usual morning kiss, a rush of tenderness came over the man, and he lifted the boy onto his knees, pressing the curly head to his bosom.

"Poor little Bobby," he said, as he stroked his face; "you do love Unkie, do you?"

"Ess, I do," answered the child, as his big, blue eyes sought those of his friend.

"And what would you do if Unkie had to leave you—had to go on a long journey?"

"You're not going to go; I won't let you, or you must tate me, too."

"But suppose some bad men were to take me away and not let you come," said Anton, with something like a sob in his voice.

"Then I would till them," said the youngster, and he clenched his little fist.

"Dear little chap," murmured the man, "you have all your mother's spirit in you. Well, Bobby," he continued, "I must be off to work now; you run along down to Mrs. Beston, and be a good boy, and perhaps I'll bring you home some sweetles."

"All right," said the little fellow, as he got down and marched off.

"Dear little boy; it is for your sake I dread what is coming more than for my own. I have no wife nor child, and you have only me to look after you. It was your face that came before me when I was about to kill Marinsky, as they had ordered. Perhaps, I said, he has a boy like Bobby, and for your sake I spared him; and now it is to be my turn."

Rising from the table, he hurriedly looked at himself in the mirror over the mantelpiece, then turned and went out of the house. He walked through the Square and down Tottenham Court Road, in the direction of the warehouse where he worked. As he reached the corner of Oxford street a peddler stopped him, and drew his attention to the various small articles displayed for sale upon his tray. Anton shook his head and was about to pass the man, when the latter picked up one of the articles wrapped in tissue paper and handed it to him, saying as he did so, "Monsieur has not seen anything like this before, and will surely buy it."

Anton opened the paper and found inside a small medallion portrait of a man whose face he remembered well. Turning it over, he saw the fateful signal written in French upon a piece of paper gummed to the back: "When we meet, thou wilt remember to obey."

"Ah! it's come at last!" he ejaculated, turning to look for the peddler, who had, however, suddenly disappeared. He thought he caught a glimpse of the foreign, bearded face looking at him from the window of a cab that was going up Oxford street, but nowhere else was there any trace of the man who had handed him his death warrant.

His first impulse was to call a cab and hurry after the one containing the messenger, but he said to himself, "Where is the use? Suppose I caught him; it would avail nothing, and would not save me from the avenger."

Crossing the street, he went down Charing Cross Road, looking about him in all directions for the original of the portrait, for he knew the ways of the society and that their warnings were soon followed by fulfillment.

When his day's work was done and he hurried homewards, he kept his eyes moving from side to side, occasionally turning round to see if his tracker were near him, for he did not doubt that the man was already in London.

As he reached the corner of Oxford street again, he remembered that he had promised to bring Bobby home sweets. He accordingly went into a shop in Oxford street, and having made his purchases resumed his journey homewards. He was very much surprised at reaching the door of the house where he lodged without having been accosted by any one.

Bobby was overjoyed at seeing him and his burden, and the child kept his thoughts from brooding upon the message he had received in the morning by the laughter he made as he exploded the crackers in the bon-bons, and by his making "Unkie" decipher the mottoes he found therein, as well as by dancing round the room with colored caps upon his head and Anton's stick in his hand "playing soldier."

After supper and more romping, Bobby was put to bed in a little room adjoining the one that served Anton as bed and sittingroom, and the latter was left alone to his gloomy reflections. He dared not go out, for his foe might be lurking for him around the first turning, but sat revolving in his mind some plan of escape from his pursuer. He even contemplated informing the police of the message, and the danger that threatened him.

He was no coward, but he knew well the daring of the men to whom the society entrusted the accomplishment of their revenge, and that they would stop at nothing to carry out their orders, for their own lives depended upon their doing so.

He had sat an hour or more, when he was roused by a knock at his door. He at once rushed to it, but was too late, for a man had entered, closing and locking the door behind him.

"I thought I would save the landlandlady the trouble of announcing me," he began, "so have introduced myself, as you see." Then, without waiting to give the other time to reply, he went on, "I suppose you know me?" at the same time pulling off his heavy beard and eyebrows, and disclosing the face represented in the portrait.

"Yes, I know you, Moritz," replied Anton, in French, the language in which the former had addressed him. "What want you with me?"

"The message I handed you this morning will surely tell a member of the society. You have been condemned for disobeying our orders."

Anton did not reply, but quickly pulled out a drawer of the table at which he sat.

"You need not look there," interposed Moritz. "The revolver was removed from there this morning by those in our employ, as well as all dangerous weapons of this character," showing him a knife which that morning had been secreted in another quarter of the room.

"It is useless for you to resist," he continued, "for two of our confreres are watching the windows from outside in the Square, and if you move or attempt to call for help I will slay you without further warning. Before you die, however, the society has instructed me to ask you a few questions."

"Go on," said Anton, doggedly, watching every movement of the other, and determined to fight when the decisive moment arrived. He knew there was no use in calling for help, for that would simply mean putting off the fulfillment of the vengeance, and it was almost certain from the revolver incident that the people in the house were in the society's pay, and would not come to his assistance, however much he needed them.

"The first question I have to ask you," went on Moritz, "is, why did you disobey the society's orders to kill Marinsky?"

"Because I did not think he deserved death, and——"

"Enough," interrupted the other; "you set up your own judgment against the verdict of the council—you know what punishment the rules accord for that?"

"Yes, I do; but I am bound no longer by your terrible rules."

"The second question," continued the other—but before he could get further the door behind Anton was softly opened and a childish figure in a white night-robe with a pop-gun in his hand stole into the room to Anton's side, inquiring who the stranger was.

"Whose child is that?" said Moritz, hurriedly.

"I do not know, replied Anton, "and Bobby himself does not know. I found him at the bedside of his dying mother, not far from here. She said his father was a German, who had been suddenly called back to the Fatherland on some secret business. She would not tell me his name. She was English, and had resolved to remain in her own country. Ill health had broken her down, and as she lay dying she made me promise to look after her poor orphan boy, for she feared his father might never return."

"What was her name?" said Moritz.

"Clara Roberts."

"Great Heavens! my wife!" exclaimed Moritz. "They let her die, and now they would have me kill you who befriended her and have watched over my little one. Hang them all; I will not do it. Stradeski, thou knowest I would have killed thee in obedience to their commands, but thy hand, man—how can I do it? Together we will balk these bloodhounds of their vengeance."

Then, rushing to the boy's side, he lifted him in his arms, and covered his face with kisses.

"Bobby does not remember me," he said, "for when I was in London before I grew my beard."

Then, putting the child down, he turned to Anton. "Now for some plan of escape from the men outside. You must draw near to the window, and attempt to struggle when I rush upon you. I will then pretend to stab you, and push you down upon the floor."

Anton, half suspecting treachery, did as he was directed, but warily, so that when Moritz rushed upon him he actually struggled, but finding that Moritz did not attempt to use the knife he suffered himself to be struck down. Bobby screamed and rushed to his side, but Anton's smiling face reassured him as he bade him not to make a noise.

Moritz then went to the window, made some signal to the men, and drew down the blind.

"You are saved," he said to Anton, as he saw the men depart. "I have been a hard man, Stradeski, but have done no murder yet, thank God; though if it had not been for Bobby here I should have been a murderer this night. I quit this infernal service now—forever."

"'Tis well," replied the other. "Life in this English land has driven all their madness out of me."

"We shall have to leave London at once," went on Moritz, "for unless I rejoin them at once they will grow suspicious and come back to look for me, when the game will be up. Is there a back entrance to this house?"

"No," replied Anton, "but we can climb the wall into a mews at the rear, and escape that way."

Late that night a boy and two men, carrying a hand-bag each, might have been seen hurrying into the Euston road to catch the first morning train for Liverpool, and be borne beyond the reach of pursuit.—Penny Pictorial Magazine.

CAT-AND-BIRD LAW.

Cats Are Not Property, and Nobody is Liable For Damage They Do.

A novel case was argued before Justice L. I. O'Neal a few days ago, involving the unique question as to whether the owner of a cat is liable for damages to the owner of a valuable mocking bird, killed by the cat.

It appears that Mrs. Elizabeth Q Belt, of 1103 New Hampshire avenue Northwest, is the owner of a feline which she prizes highly. Although this cat is fond of his home, it is impossible to keep him there all of the time. He insists on roving about the neighborhood. His visits have been particularly frequent at the home of W. R. Vaughan, 1201 New Hampshire avenue, which is one block away. No protests was entered to the cat's coming and going. It was thought that he was attracted to Mr. Vaughan's residence by the warblings of an unusually fine mocking bird. The other morning he entered the plaintiff's residence through an open window. He attacked the bird, which was in a cage on the table in the sitting room, dragged it from its frail prison, killed it, and was in the act of making a breakfast of it when discovered by a servant.

Mr. Vaughan brought suit for $100 damages, the price at which he valued the bird, against the owner of the cat. Papers were served upon Mrs. Belt, and the case came up for a hearing. The proposition presented for Justice O'Neal to decide was whether or not under the circumstances, the defendant should pay the plaintiff the damages asked.

Both attorneys submitted exhaustive briefs. The subject of domestic and wild animals and the owner's liability for trespasses committed by them was elaborately treated and discussed. Cases of dogs, cows, monkeys, bees, and other animals, excepting cats, were cited—an opinion of the Supreme Court of the United States even being quoted from. But there was only one reported case that could be found in the United States which bore directly on the point. That was the case of McDonald vs. Jodrey in Eighth Pennsylvania County Court Reports, page 142. The case was furnished by Mr. Newman, after the most diligent research, and the book could only be obtained from the Law Library at the Capitol by special permission. It sustained the defendant's contention in all respects, that the owner of the cat was not liable for its depredations, under the exact conditions of the case then on hearing.

After this authority was read to Justice O'Neal he promptly decided in favor of the defendant and no appeal was taken.

Justice O'Neal afterward stated that cats are not personal property and that under existing laws the owner of one could not sustain an action against any person who might kill or otherwise make away with such an animal. It is the duty of the owners of birds to keep their pets out of the way of all cats. If in so doing it is necessary to dispose of the cat under the law no damage will have been done.—Washington Times.

A Century of American Poetry.

A most striking fact is the longevity of our poets. The typical American poet—when one thinks of it and notices the faces that look down from his library walls—is found to be an aged hoary man. Of the eight poets pictured on the frontispiece, six are gray-beards and inclined to baldness, and of the black-haired heads, Lanier lived to be 39 and Poe to be 40. No American poet has had the advantage of John Keats of dying young with still enough accomplished to be compared with Shakespeare on the ground of his promise. Many fair hopes centered in Cora Fabri, Anne Aldrich and Winifred Howells, the youngest of the sisterhood to lay down their pens; but their work was too incomplete to give prophecy of their maturity. Joseph Rodman Drake at 25, Stephen Crane at 29, James Berry Bensel at 30, and Francis Brooks at 31 had hardly begun their true poetic career. Probably our literature sustained its greatest loss in the death of Richard Hovey, who was destined to accomplish great works and to win high renown. At 36 he was just prepared for bold adventure. Timrod and Emma Lazarus had fulfilled much of their promise at 38. Edward Rowland Sill and Bayard Taylor, whose premature deaths were much lamented, had yet time at 46 and 53 to accomplish not a little well-rounded and well-proportioned work. Longfellow, Lowell, Whitman, Story and Halleck entered the seventies; Emerson nearly reached the eightieth mark, while Frenau, Whittier, Holmes and Bryant passed beyond it. Dana lived on into the nineties.—Oscar Lovell Triggs, in the Forum.

The lowliest people of all the world are the miners of Bohemia, at least their dwellings would so indicate. Many of them live at a point 2,000 feet below the level of the sea.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

The Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

BIG STEEL PLANT AT WASHINGTON.

Firm Presented With About Forty Acres of Valuable Land and Will Commence the Erection of the Works at Once--Mail Pouch Thief Caught--Amishman Defies a Court--Rabies Among Cattle--Cripple Burned to Death.

To save the life of her 4-year-old boy Mrs. Ira Willitts, of near Larry's creek heroically fought a mad dog with a club until she fainted. The two were in their front yard, when a large hound, frothing at the mouth, ran in from the road and attacking a dog and four pups belonging to the Willitts killed them all. It then turned upon Mrs. Willitts and the child. Seizing a club which was lying near the woman jumped in front of her little one and with all the strength she could muster showered blow after blow upon the beast. For a few minutes neither seemed to have the advantage, but finally the brute was fought backward step by step to a woodshed where he was imprisoned. Mrs. Willitts then fainted from exhaustion and in that condition was found shortly afterward by her husband.

A mail pouch thief has been discovered in the person of Harry Santo, aged 17, who was arrested for setting fire to a row of houses at Paxton, and to the Harrisburg firebrick works, both of which he confessed. In the past month two mail pouches were stolen from the Reading station, and there has been much complaint from people who lost checks and money. One of the pouches was in transit from Williamsport to Pottsville and the other came from Boiling Springs. Detective Windsor went to the jail to see Santo, who confessed that he had stolen the pouches and hidden them. Both pouches were found with all of the letters cut open and checks and valuable papers scattered about.

A deal has just been closed at Washington between representatives of Jessops & Sons, Limited, steel manufacturers, of Sheffield, England, and local business men, whereby the English firm has agreed to erect an immense plant for the manufacture of crucible steel at this place. The firm was presented with about forty acres of valuable land and will commence the erection of the plant at once. About two months ago, when it was learned that the Jessops contemplated the erection of works in the United States, representatives of the local Board of Trade offered inducements, which were favorably received. Representatives of the company came to Washington and viewed the available territory. Negotiations were started and the deal was finally closed last night.

As his wife was arising for the day Charles Hindenach, a farmer, 54 years old, of Ambler, killed himself with a shotgun. Mrs. Hindenach heard the report of the gun, but was ignorant of its nature until she entered the kitchen. Even when she saw the form of her husband she thought he had lain down probably to rest a few minutes before breakfast, but a few seconds later she was horrified to see the gun and a large pool of blood on the floor. Hindenach is supposed to have been insane.

The company will expend $100,000 at once on the erection of a plant, and will enlarge it from time to time until it will cover nearly forty acres. The company will give work to about 1000 men and American labor will be employed almost exclusively. The new plant will be located on a railroad connecting the Pennsylvania with the Baltimore and Ohio system. It is expected that the mills will be in operation by the close of the present year.

Two herds of cattle in the vicinity of Christiana and Cochranville have been slaughtered, owing to the discovery of hydrophrobia among them, resulting from the attack of a mad shepherd dog which ran among them on March 20, biting several. The State veterinary surgeons have now taken the matter in charge and they have placed a strict quarantine on the Crosson and Bailey farms.

Samuel L. Petersheim, an Amishman of Lancaster, refused to pay a fine of $2 imposed by his failure to send his boy to school. His bondsman will be sued for the money. Petersheim admitted that he had disregarded the notices from the school board because he felt that no law could dispossess him of the services of his son. He said he was obeying the law of God, and those persons who tried to deprive him of his rights would be punished by the Lord.

Although sick abed, Mrs. John Petty, of Homestead, made a great effort to save the life of her 4-year-old boy when he rushed into the room, his clothing aflame. She sprang from her bed and wrapped a blanket around the child, but his burns proved fatal. Mrs. Petty was seriously burned.

A helpless cripple, Mrs. A. J. Holliday, was burned to death in her home near Addison. Mr. Holliday and his three sons were working some distance from the farmhouse. When they reached home in the evening they found nothing but a heap of ashes where their home stood and in the ruins the charred bones of the woman, who was unable to leave the bed in which she lay.

James Correll, aged 55 years, of Mahanoy City, who left his home a week ago, died from the effects of a dose of laudanum. The man was found in an unconscious condition in a stable at the Vulcan colliery. Physicians were summoned, but Correll never regained consciousness.

George W. Lentz, proprietor of the William Penn Hotel at Spring Mill, was found dead in bed. He was 58 years old.

All the women employed in the bindery department of the Government Printing Office are now members of the Women Bindery Workers' Union.

The postal savings banks of Great Britain, after paying 2½ per cent. interest on deposits during the year 1900, which in amount exceed those of any others in the world, declared a dividend amounting to $7,500,000.

The London County Council, moved by the progressive spirit of a majority of its members, has decided to buy 225 acres of land and to build on it working people's dwellings to accommodate 42,000 tenants. The estimated cost is $7,500,000.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special).—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Favorable crop reports, heavy bank clearings, record-breaking railroad earnings, a large distribution of Spring and Summer goods and easy collections give the business situation an encouraging aspect. Wall Street speculation does not yet discount any approaching reaction in commercial lines, and the money market seems to have turned the corner, at least for the present. Cotton and woolen goods retain their gain of last week, though partly on account of the idleness of many mills. The wool market is steady, notwithstanding the absence of demand from large producers of goods.

"In all branches of iron and steel manufacture requirements are much in excess of available stocks. Recent evidence of large grain crops has brought agricultural implement makers into the market for bars, and many have contracted for their entire year's supply. Another feature was the greater activity in structural material for bridges and buildings, while the large tonnage of steel rails already placed did not prevent further orders. The recent advance in plates failed to diminish business.

"The outlook for this year's crop of cotton has been ascertained by a careful canvass of the Southern States. Correspondents of R. G. Dun & Co. report that planting averages about two weeks later than usual, owing to heavy rains. While there is reason to anticipate a large acreage, cancelation of many orders for fertilizers show that the sharp decline in cotton prices had the beneficial result of restricting operations to some extent.

"Failures for the week numbered 200 in the United States, against 184 last year, and twenty-one in Canada, against seventeen last year."

"Bradstreet's" says:—

"Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week, aggregate 5,306,217 bushels, against 6,405,601 last week and 3,899,451 bushels in the corresponding week of 1900. Corn exports for the week aggregate 2,136,401 bushels, against 2,623,884 last week and 3,158,747 in this week a year ago."

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds....1.10a1.20
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Wheat.—No. 2 red, 78½c; steamer No. 2 red, 76c; sample lots, 72a78½c. Western opened firmer; May 77½c.
Oats.—White, No. 2, 33a33½c; white, No. 3, 32a32½c; white, No. 4, 31a31½c; white, ungraded, 31a33½c; mixed, No. 2, 31a31½c.
Rye.—No. 2 rye, in car lots, 57c; No. 3 rye, 55c; No. 2 Western rye, 58c; export elevator and 59a60c on track uptown.
Mill Feed.—$21.00 per ton; medium, do, $20.50.
Hay.—No. 1 timothy, $17.50; No. 2 mixed, $13.50a 14.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, $15.50a16.00; No. 2 clover, mixed, $13.50a14.50; No. 1 clover $13.50a 14.00; No. 2 clover, $12.00a13.00.
Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.20a1.30. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $15.00a18.00; do, new Florida, per crate, $1.40a1.80, do, Charleston, per crate, $1.25a2.00. Celery, home grown, per bunch, 4a5c; do, Florida, per crate, $1.50a2.00. Apples, per bbl, $1.50a3.50. Oranges, $2.50a3.50.
Potatoes.—White, Maryland and Pennsylvania, primes, per bushel, 48a 50c; do New York, primes, per bushel, 50a53c; do, Michigan and Ohio, per bushel, 48a52c; do, new Bermuda, per bbl, No. 1, $4.50a5.00; do do No. 2, $2.50 a3.00; do, new, Florida, per bbl, No. 1, $4.00a5.00. Sweets, Eastern Shore Virginia, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.50a2.00.
Beans and Peas.—New York, marrow, choice hand picked, $2.30a2.35; do do, medium, do do,—a2.10; do do, pea, do do, $2.05a2.10. Blackeye peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.55a1.60. Black peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.60. Green peas, per bushel, $1.20a1.25. Nearby white beans, hand picked, per bushel, $1.50a2.00.
Provisions.—Bulk shoulders, 8a8¼c; do short ribs, 9½c; do clear sides, 9¾c; bacon rib sides, 10¼c; do clear sides, 10½c; bacon shoulders, 9c. Fat backs, 8½c. Sugar cured breasts, 11½c; sugar cured shoulders, 9c. Hams—small, 11½c; large, 11c; smoked skinned hams, 12½c; picnic hams, 8¾c. Lard—Best refined, pure, in tierces, 9½c; in tubs, 9¾c per lb. Mess pork, per bbl, $16.00.
Live Poultry.—Market is steady. Quote: Hens, 10a10½c; old roosters, each, 25a30c; young chickens, 11a12c; winter do, 2 lbs and under, 17a22c; spring, 1 to 1¼ lbs, 28a32c. Ducks, 9a 11c. Turkeys, 8a11c. Geese, apiece, 50a65c.
Dressed Poultry.—Capons, choice large, 14a18c.
Butter.—The market is steady. We quote: Creamery separator, 22a22½c; Creamery Gathered Cream, 18a19c; Creamery Imitation, 17a18c.
Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 13½c.
Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb, 7a7¼c; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 6¾c.
Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb, 5a5½c.
Lambs and Sheep.—Spring lambs choice, 8a9c per lb; poor, small stock, 5c per lb.

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia.—Wheat firm; contract grade, April, 77¾a78¼c. Corn weak and ¼c lower; No. 2 mixed, April, 48a48¼c. Oats firm; good demand; No. 2 white clipped 33½c. Butter weak and unsettled; fancy Western creamery, 22½c; do prints, 22c; do nearby do, 23c. Eggs firm; good demand; fresh nearby, 14c; do Western, 14c; do Southwestern, 14c; do Southern, 13c. Cheese dull and weak, 12a12½c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle—Receipts, 8,000 head; choice steers firm; others about steady; butchers' stock, steady; good to prime steers, $5.00a6.00; poor to medium, $3.85a4.90. Hogs—Receipts 20,000 head; top, $6.10; mixed and butchers, $5.75a6.00.
East Liberty.—Cattle steady; extra, $5.60a5.75; prime, $5.25a5.50; good, $5.00 a5.20. Hogs lower; best mediums, $6.25; heavy hogs, $6.15a6.25; pigs, 5.90a6.00. Sheep steady; best clipped wethers, $4.50a4.60; choice lambs, $5.00a5.15; veal calves, $4.50a5.00.

LET THE WAR CEASE, SO SAYS AGUINALDO.

There Has Been Enough Blood, Enough Tears and Desolation.

BELIEVES HE IS SERVING COUNTRY.

Aguinaldo Urges Those Still in Arms to Respect the Wishes of the Majority of Their Countrymen "Who Have Already United Around the Glorious Sovereign Banner of the United States."

Manila (By Cable).—The following is Aguinaldo's address to the Filipino people, just made public:

"I believe I am not in error in presuming the unhappy fate to which my adverse fortune has led me is not a surprise to those who have been familiar with the progress of the war. The lessons taught with a full meaning, and which have recently come to my knowledge, suggest with irresistible force that a complete termination of hostilities and lasting peace are not only desirable, but absolutely essential to the welfare of the Philippine Islands.

"The Filipinos have never been dismayed at their weakness, nor have they faltered in following the path pointed out by their fortitude and courage. The time has come, however, in which they find their advance along this path to be impeded by an irresistible force, which, while it restrains them, yet enlightens their minds and opens to them another course, presenting them the cause of peace.

"This cause has been joyfully embraced by the majority of my fellow-countrymen, who have already united around the glorious sovereign banner of the United States. In this banner they repose their trust, and believe that under its protection the Filipino people will attain all those promised liberties which they are beginning to enjoy. The country has declared unmistakably in favor of peace. So be it. There has been enough blood, enough tears and enough desolation. This wish cannot be ignored by the men still in arms if they are animated by a desire to serve our noble people, which has thus clearly manifested its will. So do I respect this will, now that it is made known to me.

"After mature deliberation, I resolutely proclaim to the world that I cannot refuse to heed the voice of a people longing for peace, nor the lamentations of thousands of families yearning to see their dear ones enjoying the liberty and the promised generosity of the great American nation.

"By acknowledging and accepting the sovereignty of the United States throughout the Philippine archipelago, as I now do, and without any reservation whatsoever, I believe that I am serving thee, my beloved country. My happiness be thine."

Can't Keep Track of His Wives.

New York (Special).—Leo Fralquini, of this city, wanted in Chicago on a charge of bigamy, was held in $1,000 bail in the Centre Street Court until the arrival of extradition papers from the Western city. When arraigned in court Fralquini was asked if he had more than three wives. He replied: "I have no idea of the number. Can't even keep track of them."

The Mad Mullah.

Aden (By Cable).—The Mad Mullah is now at Lassidar, four days' march down the Tug-Dayr river. It is understood he has 40,000 followers, including 8000 horses, with quantities of ammunition obtained from an unknown source. A British force will shortly be concentrated at Burao, preparatory to a general advance in conjunction with the Abyssinians.

Convent Saved From Flames.

Haverhill, Mass. (Special).—Twenty-two Sisters of Charity, under the direction of Sister Mary De Chastal, saved St. James Convent from destruction by flames. In some way the parochial school next to the convent caught fire. The flames spread toward the convent. The Sisters stationed themselves at windows facing the blaze, and, armed with buckets of water, watched for flying sparks. Several times the convent caught fire, but the black-robed fire-fighters prevented a spread of the flames. The school was destroyed.

Against Compulsory Education.

Jefferson City, Mo. (Special).—Governor Dockery has vetoed the compulsory education bill, entitled "An Act to enforce the constitutional right of every child in the State to an education; to provide for truant or parental schools and attendance officers in cities of 10,000 population or more, and to prohibit the employment of children during school hours." Governor Dockery declared that the Act interfered with the personal rights of parents and savored

Takes a Seventh Wife.

Bowling Green, Ky. (Special).—Thos. Poteet a Warren county merchant, has just taken his seventh wife. He has been a grass widower six times and says that all of his wives are living. His last bride was a buxom widow of 44 with six children. He says that he does not know how many children he has, but the number is between eighteen and twenty-two. Four of his wives he married in the West, while two are still living in Edmondson county, this State.

Dr. Wharton's College.

Luray, Va. (Special).—The Luray College, two valuable business buildings on Main street and other property in Luray are advertised to be sold on May 17 for the debts of the owner, Dr. H. M. Wharton, the Baltimore evangelist. The liens, as ascertained by the master commissioner in the consolidated creditors' suit, are probably twice as much as the property will bring. Dr. Wharton was given 60 days to make arrangements with his creditors, but was unable to do so.

Oil Craze Causes a Rush

New Orleans (Special).—The Louisiana State Land Office has disposed of all the swamp overflow and sea marsh lands in the parishes of Calcasieu, Vernon, Iberia and Vermillion in the last few days. Since the oil boom the Land Office has disposed of 7000 acres of lands in Calcasieu and Vernon, 74,500 acres of sea marsh in Iberia and 53,000 acres in Vermillion. This is the heaviest sales of marsh and overflow lands in the history of Louisiana. The sales are attributed to the oil craze.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
April 25, 1901.

You Can't Get by Our $3.00 Shoes.

YOU'LL WANT THEM.

Put them next to $3 50 or $4 00 shoes sold at other stores. A little comparison will save you a lot of money. There isn't a good thing said about any $3.50 and many $4.00 shoes sold elsewhere that cannot be truthfully said about our

GENTS' $3,00 SHOES

Comparison proves this. There are scores of new styles, ideas, shapes and lasts in gents' $3.00 shoes awaiting your inspection here. Many are exclusive designs. Everything in Gents' Street and Dress $3.00 Shoes in stock at our store.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, 7 p. m.; Union, 2 p. m.; Spring Mills, Communion, 10.30 a. m.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m.

Supplement No. 2.

In this issue of the Reporter will be found supplement number two. See that you read it — both the advertisements and news matter.

Mrs. Schuyler Injured by a Fall.

Mrs. Schuyler, wife of Rev. Schuyler, Ph. D., pastor of the Sinking Creek Presbyterian charge, accompanied her husband to Boalsburg and Lemont last week, and while the guest of Rev. A. A. Black, of the Reformed church, Saturday she accidentally fell while going from the house, spraining her ankle and wrenching her self otherwise While she felt some pain, Mrs. Schuyler did not anticipate any future trouble, but Sunday morning found her unable to leave her bed.

Two and One-half Inches of Rain.

Did you ever calculate how much water fell during a rain such as fell last week. Here are the figures: Presuming that the precipitation was two and one-half inches, which means that if the soil was unable to absorb the rain, the surface of the earth would be covered with water to a depth of two and one-half inches; there would fall on a single quarter acre, or a common building lot, 16,9713-7 gallons. or 538½ barrels. Multiply this by 400 and the result will show the fall of rain on a farm of 100 acres.

Dreyfus' Own Story.

A powerful chapter from one of the most remarkable of recorded human experiences, appears in McClure's Magazine for May—Captain Alfred Dreyfus's Own Story of his arrest, degradation and transportation to Devil's Isle. To this story is added a portion of the Diary kept by Dreyfus on the island, for his wife and referred to so often and so mysteriously in the Rennes trial, but never made public.

The book from which this remarkable document is taken, containing the story of Dreyfus' entire five years of suffering and imprisonment, is to be published by McClure, Phillips & Co. in May.

Rain Starts Vegetation.

The first April rain of any consequence fell Friday night, Saturday, Saturday night, Sunday morning and Sunday evening. Friday night about one inch of rain fell. From seven o'clock Saturday morning until the rain ceased Sunday evening, just 1.49 inches of rain fell, making a total of about two and one-half inches. The rain was badly needed. There was considerable moisture in the soil, but the surface had been completely tapped by the high winds, causing the grass, which had scarcely begun to shoot, and the wheat to suffer. Today grass fields are looking green and the wheat fields have improved in appearance, and where there was a good stand of plants last fall, there are reasonable prospects for a fine harvest.

Dr. Wolf's School.

The Spring Mills correspondent sends the names of pupils from out of Spring Mills, who are attending Prof. Wolf's school:

H. E. and W. W. Horner, W. B. Kuhn, Charles Fishburn, Bellefonte; A. L. Bowersox, Rock Springs; H. B. Wasson, Waddle; H. G. Rumberger, E. Detrick, Hublersburg; S. F. Williams, Port Matilda; H. G. Hoover, Grace Villimont, Pine Glenn; Mamie DeLong, Romola; Charles Musser, C. W. Kramer, Woodward; George Musser, Stewart Harter, C. C. Meyer, P. E. Meyer, N. Meyer Warren Corman, Randall Harter, Coburn; Harry Burkholder, W. E. Burkholder, S. E. Sharer, Vira Grove, Mamie Decker, Centre Hill; A. S. Limbert, Madisonburg; W. C. Mingle, Harry Hamer, Aaronsburg; Dwight Wolf, Rebersburg; John Blauser, Maude Wagner, Silas Strunk, Potters Mills; William Kerr, Ed. Durst, W. F. Keller, Ralph Boozer, Paul Murray, C. K. Stahl, Centre Hall; Caroline Whitmer, Fillmore; R. H. Treaster, Oak Hall; Clayton Stover, Harry Hagan, Morris Long, Mervin Homan, Farmers Mills; J. B Rossman, Penn Cave; Roy Walker, Penn Hall; Clyde Hoover, Fleming

KNIGHTS TEMPLARS INSTALL

Their Officers Publicly in Armory—Penns Valley Masons are Guests.

Last Friday evening Constans Commandery No. 33, of Bellefonte, held a public installation of officers for the ensuing year. Some time ago the members of the Commandery concluded it would be appropriate to have the work of installing their officers done in public, and accordingly they procured a dispensation from the Grand Commander permitting them to do so.

Invitations were sent to the neighboring commanderies at Lock Haven, Philipsburg, Huntingdon, Altoona, and several hundred invitations were given to persons who were not members of any branch of the Masonic fraternity.

The evening trains from Lock Haven and Tyrone brought in about one hundred Sir Knights and their ladies, and by eight o'clock the spacious hall in the Armory building was filled with Sir Knights, Blue Lodge Masons and other invited guests, together with their ladies.

The persons who attended from Centre Hall were, D. A. Boozer and wife, Dr. G. W. Hosterman and daughter Helen, W. F. Bradford and wife, G. M. Boal and wife, D. J. Meyer and wife, W. A. Krise and wife, C. F. Deininger; from Spring Mills, W. S. Musser and wife.

Shortly after eight o'clock the Colcville band began to discourse sweet strains of music which was followed by a quartette of two male and two female voices, after which Em. Sir Knight Wilson I. Fleming, Division Commander of the 11th Division, conducted the installation services which were enlivened by several vocal selections. The officers for 1901-1902 are:

Eminent Commander, Em. Sir Harry Keller; Generalissimo, Sir W. Harrison Walker; Captain General, Sir J. S. McCargar; Treasurer, Em. Sir Hammond Sechler; Recorder, Sir W. Homer Crissman; Prelate, Sir and Rev. R H. Wharton; Assistant Prelate, Sir and Rev. George I. Brown; Senior Warden, Sir John I. Olewine; Senior Warden, Sir Charles H. McClain; Standard Bearer, Sir Edward Whitaker; Sword Bearer, Sir Hugh S. Taylor; Warder, Sir Boyd A. Musser; Captain of the Guard, Sir F. H. Clemson; 1st Guard, Sir Oscar E. Miles; 2nd Guard, Sir George C. Watson; 3rd Guard, Sir Robert Morris; Sentinel, Sir J. Robert Cole.

After the installation was over, refreshments were served to the entire assembly. The young people then amused themselves tripping the light fantastic toe to the music of the Chappel orchestra, from Williamsport, while the older ones passed the time in social conversation. On the whole, the occasion was one long to be remembered not only by the Sir Knights of Bellefonte but by all their guests.

The heavy rain in the evening prevented the parade which was scheduled to take place. The Knight Templars constitute a higher branch of Free Masonry, just as the Pomona Grange is a higher branch of the Grange organization, or the Encampment is in the Odd Fellows' Order.

Cantata.

The cantata rendered in the Reformed church Sunday evening was enjoyed by a full house. Those who participated were soprana, Mrs. Anna Boozer, Misses Pearl Riter, Helen Bartholomew; alto, Mrs. S. S. Kreamer, Mrs. Thos. L. Moore; tenor, J. F. Smith, S. S. Kreamer; bass, Prof. E. W. Crawford, F. P. Geary, C. N. Kryder, William Boozer; E. L. Bartholomew, organist.

Luse & Son Buy Lots.

A. P. Luse & Son, proprietors of the Centre Hall planing mill, builders and contractors, purchased from the D. Fleisher estate, Jared Fleisher executor, six front and seven rear lots. These lots are located on the east side of Main street, and with the exception of the Miss Emily Alexander lots, are the only available building lots on that side of Main street. The Luses, during the last ten years, played an important part in the building operations in Centre Hall, not only as contractors but as builders. They built, during that time, a half dozen or more cozy dwellings and either occupied them for several years or rented, and then sold them to home seekers. The lots purchased from Mr. Fleisher have been bought with the same purpose in view.

High School Closes.

The Centre Hall High School closed Wednesday of this week. Prof. Albert T. Ilgen, the principal, is entitled to more than ordinary praise for the manner in which his school was conducted. The good work in the High School can be judged from the fact that one of his pupils is the most advanced scholar in Dr. D. M. Wolf's Spring Mills school of about eighty scholars. Several others lead in their respective classes. There was no attempt made on the part of Prof. Ilgen to make a show of his abilities, but the good work done by him is forcibly illustrated by actual results. This modest notice does not do justice, but is sufficient to express the general sentiment of the public concerning the High School principal.

Barber Jerry Miller and two sons, John and Roy, this, Thursday, morning went to Dubois.

George W. Clements is operating his well-digger some distance below Lock Haven, to which point he went Tuesday.

Marriage Licenses.

Wm. A. Grove, Lemont, and Susie Gill, Pleasant Gap.

John J. Easton, Karthaus, and Nevada Force, Pine Glenn.

David Keatley and Margaret Hall, Unionville.

Alfred D. Lingle, Spring Mills, and Myrtle S. Glass, Penn Hall.

John H. Taylor, Tusseyville, and Effie May Fye, Colyer.

John Loreny and Annie Cemenman, Clarence.

Postal Clerks Promoted.

The roster of clerks at 1075 first and second-class post offices, which will take effect July 1, shows 4730 promotions and about 1800 additional clerks. The following promotions have been ordered in second-class offices in eastern Pennsylvania: Altoona, one from $500 to $600, three from $700 to $800 and one from $800 to $1000; Bellefonte, one from $400 to $500; Clearfield, one from $500 to $600; Lewistown, one from $500 to $600 and one from $600 to $700 and one from $700 to $800; Lock Haven, one from $600 to $700 and one from $700 to $800; Philipsburg, one from $700 to $800.

Sabbath School Convention.

The Centre County Sabbath-School convention met in Milesburg Tuesday of this week. The weather was very unfavorable, yet the attendance was good. The first session was held in the Methodist church, and all officers were present. The program was carried out almost in full. Revs. Schuyler and Rearick of this place were in attendance and the latter addressed the convention.

The following officers were elected: President, Rev. J. M. Rearick, Centre Hall; corresponding secretary, Rev. A. A. Black, Boalsburg; recording secretary, S. W. Smith, Centre Hall.

The place of meeting of next convention has not been fixed.

Love Boys' Ill Luck.

Messrs. John and Winifred Love, sons of Mrs. Maggie Love, of Tusseyville, met with misfortunes near Freeport, Illinois, where they located about four weeks ago. The information reached this office through G. Bruce Goodhart, who states that Winifred in attempting to jump over a gate in order to head off some cattle he was driving, became entangled and fell with the gate. The result was a dislocated wrist.

John, the eldest brother, almost severed the index finger from the left hand while cutting wood. Both these young men had secured employment with farmers, and were receiving $22 per month, Winifred will likely return home.

Mr. Goodhart states further, under date of April 17, that farmers are through sowing oats, but that the weather was cold and rough.

Batted by a Bolt.

B. H. Arney early Monday morning was assaulted by a "gentleman", who has no regard for law or order. Mr. Arney had his bullship by the nose and was leading him in his usual way of handling such animals from their calfhood. A young steer was following, and when Byron Garis' lot was reached, the brutes decided to make a full investigation of the premises including onion bed and all, and so they did. Finally the fatlings were driven on the road again, which seemed to irritate the bull, and shortly afterward turned on his master and finally gave him a butt that stretched him lengthwise on the ground. The beast then attempted to gore him, but discovered that Mr. Arney had taken precaution to disarm him of those weapons of defense and assault, and that butting was difficult when the target was low. By this time, Clyde Condo, who was assisting in driving the cattle came upon the scene, and by lavishingly using a club persuaded the bull to retreat. Mr. Arney picked himself up, straightened up his feathers, and to day he is glad that he dehorned that particular bull, or he would not be able to tell the story.

Not in the Business.

A New York firm had the audacity to mail the Reporter a pin, worth possibly ten or fifteen cents in good money, with the accompanying note:

"Kindly run the attached reader in your local columns as many times as convenient. In pay for same we take the liberty to inclose an article of equal value. If you do not care to accept this proposition, kindly replace in envelope, scratchin your address off and mail. Same will be returned to us at our expense. Mail us copy of paper with reader marked, and we will send you our catalogue and give you ten per cent. off on all purchases."

A very generous offer, indeed, a twenty-one line reading notice for a ten-cent pin. Besides all this, there is a lie in the above note. Merchandise can not be mailed unless postage is prepaid. The name of the firm is omitted because the Reporter does not want to aid a disreputable firm in spreading its name among honest people. This, and similar firms, do business to the detriment of all honest jewelers, but the readers of the Reporter will profit if they patronize jewelers with whom they have personal acquaintance.

By the way, is there a jeweler about who will place an honest advertisement in the Reporter and reap the reward sought by this disreputable New York house which discovered one good thing, the profit of advertising.

And if the house wants its jewelry back it must send on the required postage.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Save your back by patronizing the steam laundry.

Sterret McNitt, of Siglerville, was in town Monday.

D. C. Armstrong Tuesday moved from Centre Hall to Mifflin county.

Miss Anna Bartholomew's school opened Monday with a large attendance.

Since the rains set in the appearance of wheat fields have improved amazingly.

The rains, storm and flood did damage running into the millions in Western Pennsylvania.

Lock Haven is making an effort to have the third brigade, N. G. P., hold its encampment at that place.

Read the advertisment of Messrs. Meyer & Musser in this week's issue. The firm has something special.

J. J. Arney is making improvements on his dwelling house, west of Centre Hall, by remodeling the front porch.

Rev. H. W. Buck and daughter Miss Laura, of Millheim, left Monday morning for a weeks' visit with friends in Espy and Berwick.

David Glasgow, of Tusseyville, was a caller Tuesday for a special purpose. Mr. Glasgow took a liking for the Reporter and is now a regular reader.

Miss Bessie Walker, of Pine Grove Mills, after being the guest of I. G. Walker, near Penn Hall, for several weeks, departed for Baltimore last week.

W. V. Harshbarger, of Potters Mills, who for some time has been located at Osceola Mills, holds a good position with a large foundry company at that place.

I received a car load of timothy hay and will sell it at 95 cents per hundred pounds, for cash only. You can examine the hay before buying.—O. T. Corman, Spring Mills.

Wednesday of last week, Paul Bruce Breneman, of Spangler, Pa., and Miss Maud V. Musser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Musser, of Millheim, were married at Montandon.

Mrs. Anna Hemphill, after spending the winter in Philadelphia, returned to her splendid home in Centre Hall. She brought with her a friend who will remain some time.

Mrs. W. A. Boal has been ill at her home in this place since April 1st, at about which time the family moved here from Tyrone. Mr. Boal has had a great deal of sickness in his family during the last year.

Ex-Commissioner M. S. Fiedler, of Millheim, has a number of workmen employed remodeling his Penn Street home. He is putting in a number of modern improvements, and when completed his home will be up to date.

Baby Marks put in his appearance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Marks, near Salona, quite recently. Grandmother Goodhart is just as proud of the little Mark as though it were the only baby that ever cut a figure.

Those attending April court as jurors from Centre Hall and Potter township are Capt. George M. Boal, G. H. Emerick, I. W. Bartges, Centre Hall; G. L. Goodhart, Frank J. Bible, G. W. Smith, A. P. Hosterman, Centre Hill; David S. Lingle, Colyer; T. E. Palmer, Potters Mills.

Andrew Smith, of Salona, was in Centre Hall Monday and purchased a monument from H. G. Strohmeier to be erected over the last resting place of the remains of his wife in the Union cemetary near Farmers Mills. Mr. Smith states that the grain field is in that section look promising.

Messrs. H. G. Strohmeier, of Centre Hall, and Clark Musser, of Millheim, took an inventory of the personal property of A. M. Mott, deceased, Bellefonte. The inventory amounted to nearly $10,000. Both appraisers were competitors of the deceased in business, which demonstrates that marble cutters are of a friendly disposition.

The Bohemian for May contains a score of clever things, and is readable from cover to cover. Its most striking is "The Downfall of a Diplomat," by Wm. E. S. Fales, being a subtle sketch of the rapid career of an American minister to Russia. This story is founded on fact and has already created considerable talk in diplomatic and social circles. Dr. Fales has had large experience in the diplomatic service of Russia, and his story pulsates with life. Who is the minister? Can you guess? Other clever things are by Everit Bogert Terhune, John DeLoss Underwood, Margherita Arlina Hamma, F. Ernest Holman, Wm. Perry Brown, Edward Carpenter and Susie M. Best.

The Centre Hall School Groups

Taken by Photographer Smith are all right. Leave your orders for one at the gallery, Friday, April 26.

W. W. SMITH, Artist.

BICYCLES.—I have just received a lot of new chain and chainless bicycles which I offer at greatly reduced prices. Also a number of second-hand wheels on hand from $5.00 up. Also a complete line of bicycle sundries. Coaster brakes a specialty. Thanking you for past patronage and respectfully soliciting a continuance of the same I remain

Respectfully,
W. W. BOOR, Centre Hall, Pa.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

G. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

It is not necessary at this writing to tell you why we are able to sell you goods at a very low figure, as we believe you are thoroughly convinced from the fact of your responding to our call and embracing the opportunities we offer. You have done nobly and we certainly appreciate your trade and shall spare no efforts to give you still more goods for the money. Our business is mutual and every customer a partner. Now, if you are not already a member of our firm we should like to take you into our cash business. In this issue we will quote you only a few special articles, but remember we guarantee a right price on every article in the store on the flat iron corner at the station.

LISTEN!

6 lbs. Cal. prunes, fresh and nice, 25c.
People's corn starch, a good article, 4c lb.
2 lb. pk. Hawkeye rolled oats, 7c.
Shredded cocoanut, a fine article, 15c lb.
Pickles, our sales are large as these, 6c doz.
No. 1 mackerel, guaranteed fine, 10 lb. pail, $1.
Fancy lemons, 3 for 5c, per doz., 18c.
Tinners' scissors, cuts tin or sheet iron, 25c.
Enterprise clothes wringer, wooden frame, $2.
American washing machine, a good one, $3 50.
Poultry netting, all widths, right prices.
Clothes basket good one for price, 25c.
Glass wash board, 35c.
Double-bitted ax, 90c.
10 qt. tin buckets, 2 for 25c.
" galvanized bucket, 15c.
12 qt. " " 20c.
14 inch horse rasp, 30c.
24 inch hand saw, 25c.
Extra fine ratchet brace, 75c
Wash boiler, copper bottom, $1.
Trace chains, per pair, 75c.
Picks and mattocks, with handles, each, 75c.
Steel rat trap, 10c.
Bread pans, 3 for 10c.
Arbuckles coffee, 2 lbs. for 25c.
Caustic soda, 10c.
Fancy evap. peaches, 3 lbs. for 25c.

REMEMBER!

Our stock of the following is complete and we will be glad to be at your service in making prices with courteous treatment: Bananas, oranges, lemons, salted fish, smooth and barbed wire, poultry netting, nails, fly wire, lime, Snow-flake flour, table and floor oilcloth, fence staples, fresh garden seeds. Fresh Roe Shad all week. Get one.

THE STAR.

There Can Only Be

ONE BEST

Which Is It ?

SEE FOR YOURSELF.

We are showing three times as much clothing as any other concern in Bellefonte. We buy only the best made clothing manufactured in this country. We buy our goods in larger quantities than any other store in this section, thus insuring us every advantage in price that cash and big purchases are entitled to. We honestly believe that we are selling the best clothing for fully one fourth less money than others ask for the ordinary kind. We have every reason to believe that ours is

THE BEST

Men's Store in Central Pennsylvania.

Best because our assortment is larger, our goods better, our prices lower, and our methods of doing business is such that there is not a possible chance of you being other than perfectly satisfied with what you buy of us. SEE THEM ALL, SEE US, then buy from the firm you think is BEST.

25 CENTS TO $1.00

is the saving so apparent all through our new Shoe Department. Men's and Boys' Shoes, Dress and Work Shoes—we have all kinds and plenty of them. Its the difference in the prices that made this shoe store of ours grow so big all at once. It is this same difference in prices that will keep it growing. Watch it become the best men's shoe store in Bellefonte and save money while you are doing it. WE MUST BE BEST.

M. FAUBLE & SON,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

MOTHER EARTH

Is taking on her mantle of green, announcing the arrival of spring and warning us to prepare for warm weather. A little careful planning, a little careful buying and you can come out in jaunty spring attire at a very reasonable outlay of money. If you want the stylish ready-made goods we have them.

Tailor-made Wrappers & Skirts
We have an elegant line and can surely please you in price.

SHIRT WAISTS
We have all styles and sizes.

Dress Goods & Silks
by the yard, for fancy shirt waists and skirts, such as Berlin Lawns, Dimities, Titania Cords, Criterion Cloth, Batiste Satine, Pique, India Linens, Satines, Percales, Chambrays. Also a complete line of Calicos and Lancaster Ginghams.

Odds and ends in remnants we are closing out at sacrifice prices.

Our GROCERY DEPARTMENT is open for your inspection.

Our Line of Shoes
was never more complete and at prices to suit your purse. We handle the genuine Richardson Elmira shoes, which for quality, style and price cannot be beat anywhere. Ask to see them—no trouble to show goods.

A nice line of Ladies' and Misses' Sun Bonnets, also an assortment of Hats & Caps for children. The latest styles and shades in Men's Headgear. Working and driving Gloves at right prices. Men's & Boys' Dress and Work Shirts.

We carry a full line of D. M. Ferry's & Lake Shore Garden Seeds. Also all kinds of Garden Tools.

We believe honesty to be the best policy and we are here to do business on business principles. We do not suppose you care to KNOW where we buy our goods or what our expenses are, but we DO want you to KNOW that we can sell you good goods as cheap or cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. CALL AND SEE US.

MEYER & MUSSER.